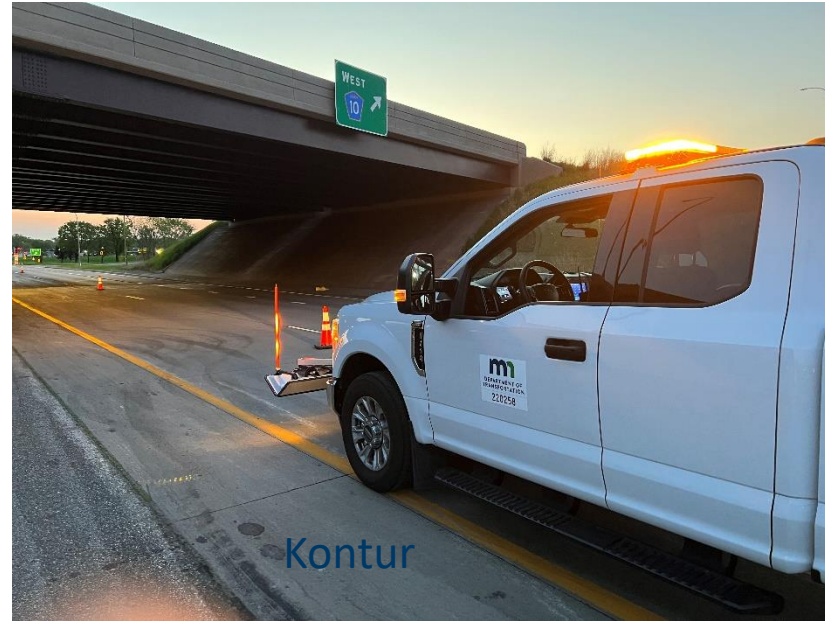


GSSI



GSSI



Pavement Density Using Dielectric Mapping

Kyle Hoegh, Ph.D., P.E., Research Section
Minnesota Department of Transportation

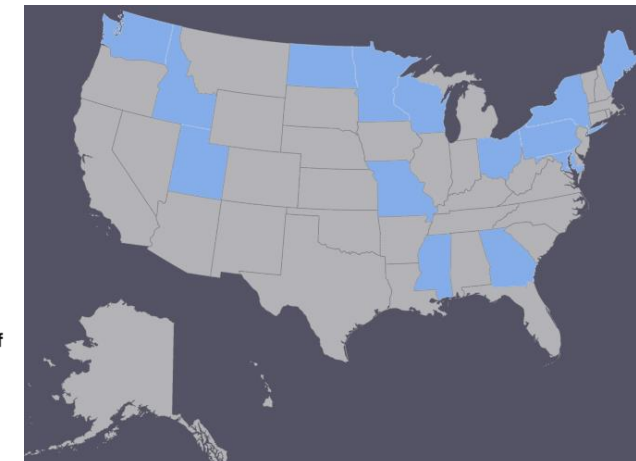
DPS National Pooled Fund Program



DPS Contacts - Materials & Road
Research - MnDOT
www.dot.state.mn.us

Continuous Asphalt Mixture Compaction Assessment Using Density Profiling System (DPS) [TPF-5(443)]

- **Objective:** Use the DPS method to improve asphalt pavement density
 - Increased coverage and comprehensiveness of assessment
 - Timely information to improve construction process
 - Reduce coring
- **Lead Agency:** MnDOT
 - Contact: Kyle Hoegh, kyle.hoegh@state.mn.us (MnDOT)
- **Committed agencies:** MN, FHWA, GA, ID, MD, ME, MO, MS, ND, NY, OH, PADOT, UT, WA, WI
- **100% SP&R Approval:** Approved
- **Commitment level:** \$25K/year



TPF - Study Detail
www.pooledfund.org

Official TPF



Density Profiling System - Office of
Materials and Research
www.dot.state.mn.us

MnDOT TPF

Phase I Task 2: Development of AASHTO Data Collection and Analysis Specifications

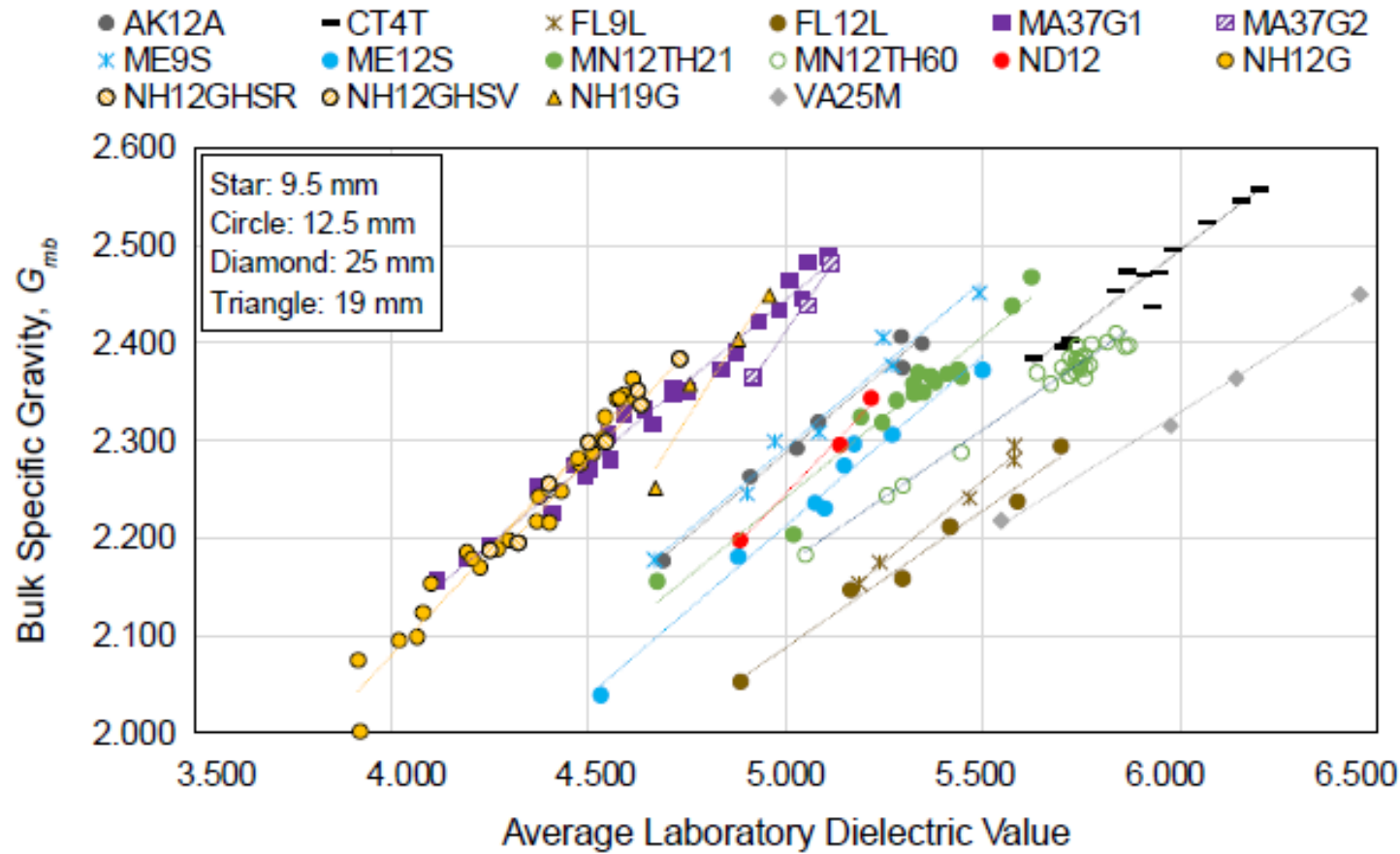


Figure X1.1—Average Dielectric Values for All Compacted Specimens as a Function of Measured Bulk Specific Gravity

Determining the Dielectric Constant of Compacted Asphalt Mixture Specimens

AASHTO Designation: T 414-24¹

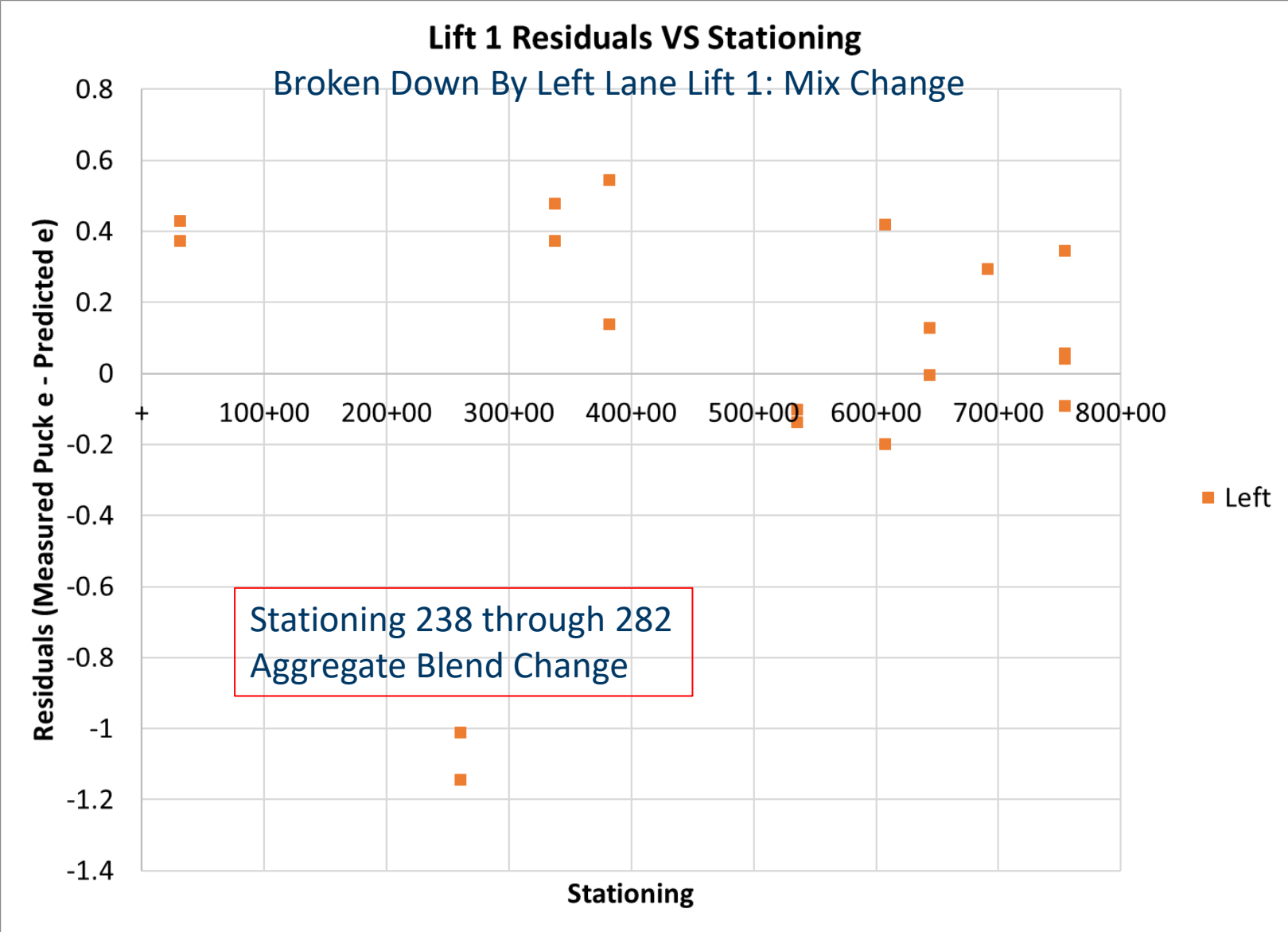
First Published: 2024

Technical Subcommittee: TS 5c, Quality Assurance and Environmental

AASHTO

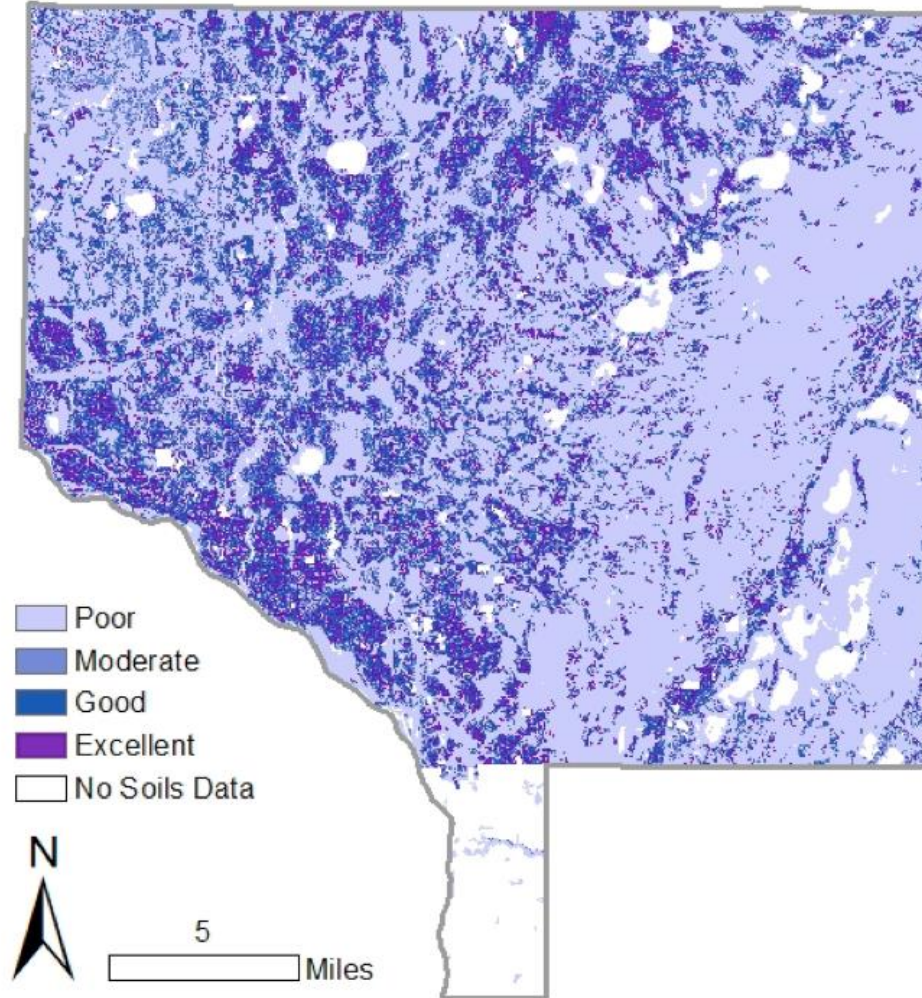
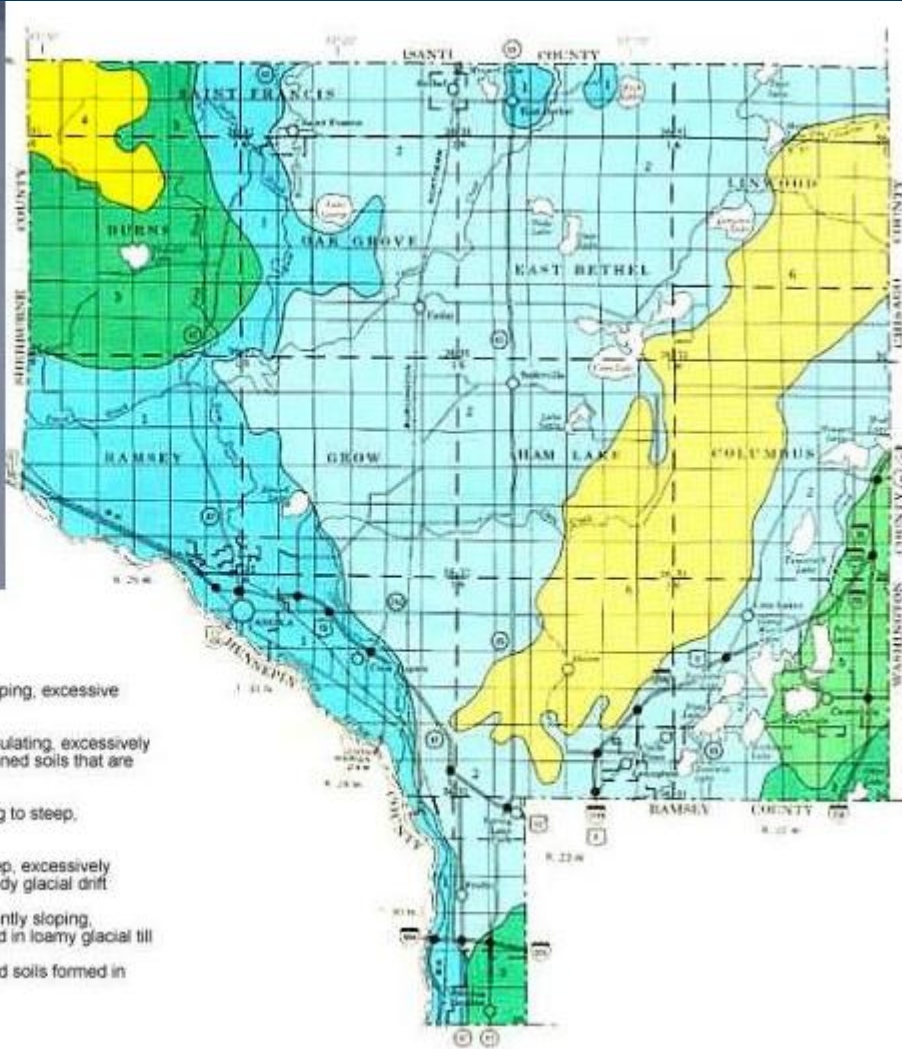
American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
555 12th Street NW, Suite 1000
Washington, DC 20004

Full Coverage: e to %Gmm – Tracking Mix Changes



Anoka County MN

Soils Of Anoka County



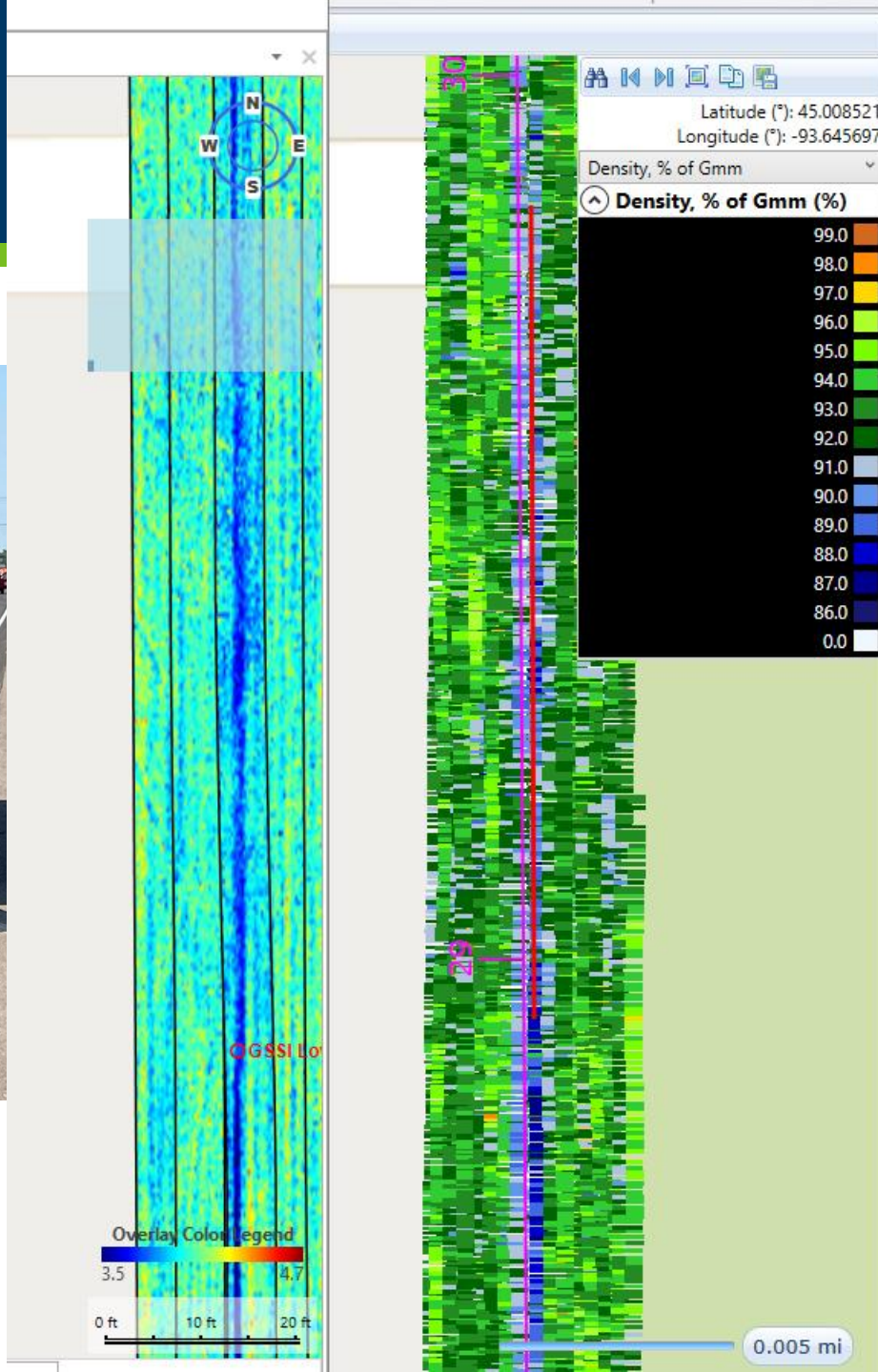
Previous project had issues with settlement during construction and was a “black eye” for MnDOT.

SP 0208-165 TH 65 – Blaine - MPM

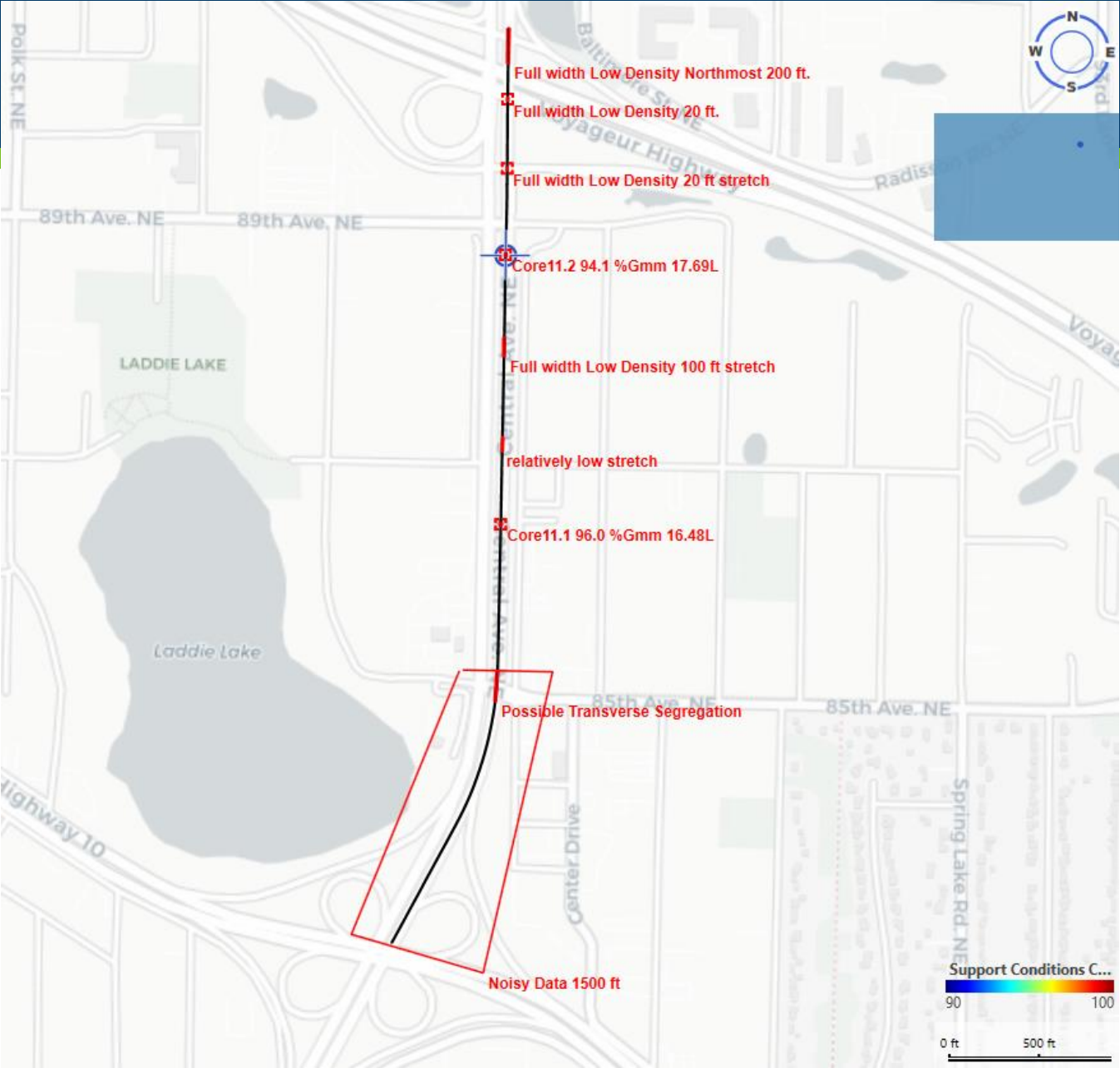


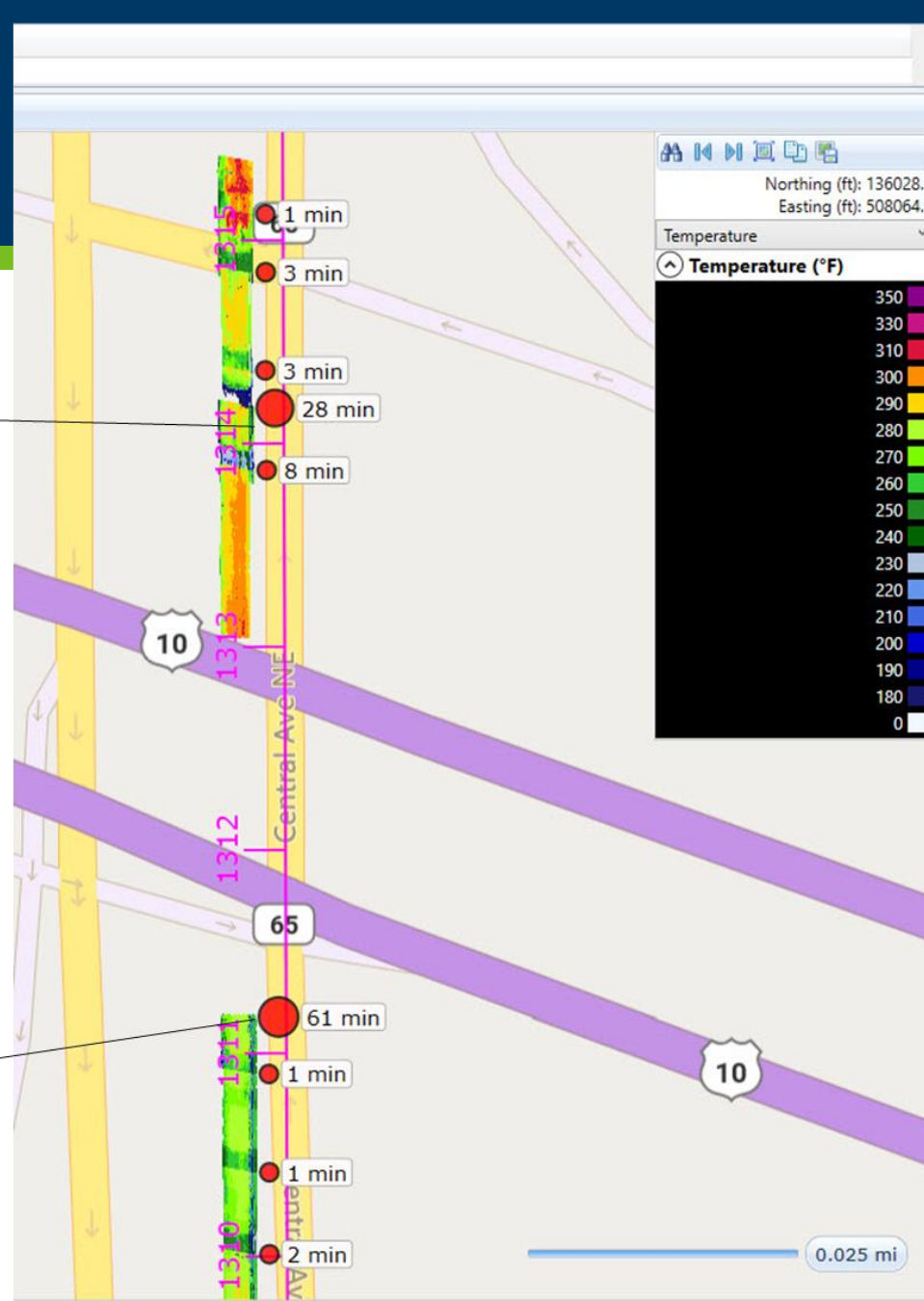
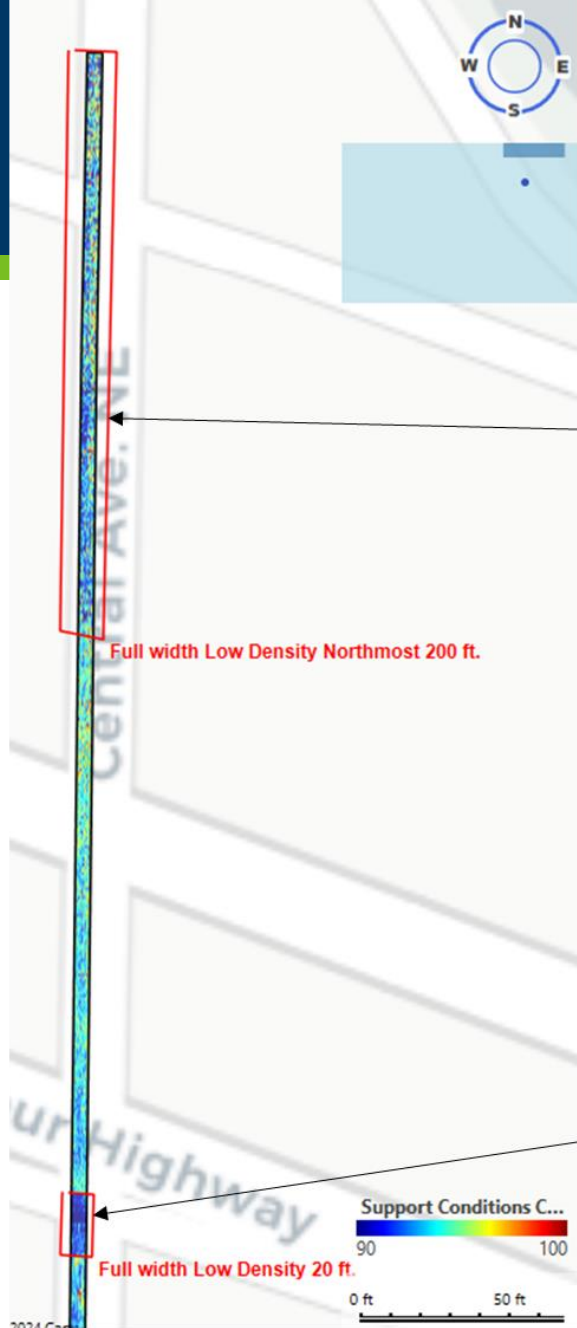
Compaction: All Rollers in Static mode, minimum of 5 rollers (2 Steel, 3 Pneumatic)
Density & disincentives are waived
Agency: 3D DPS to check uniformity of compaction

Able to Collect with both one day on Anoka Project



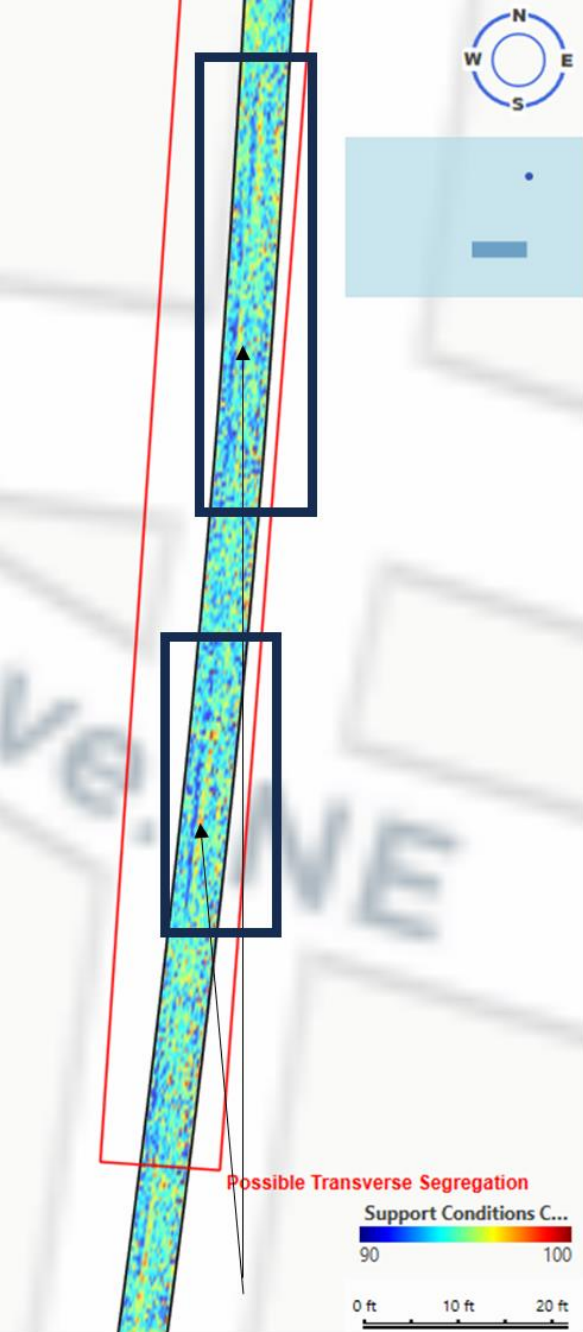
Initial Use of Kontur 3D DPS



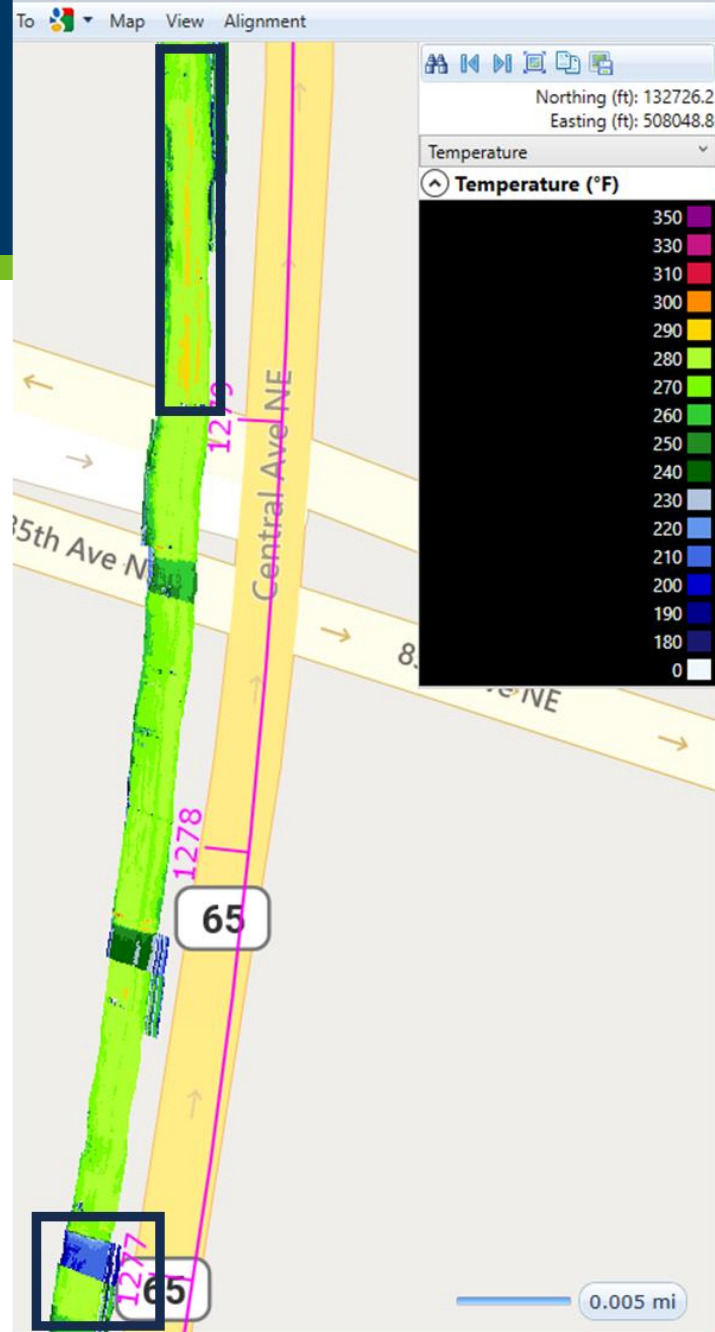


A. DPS with 20 ft. low spot and 200 ft. low spot

B. PMTP showing paver stops causing low density



a. DPS %Gmm Data

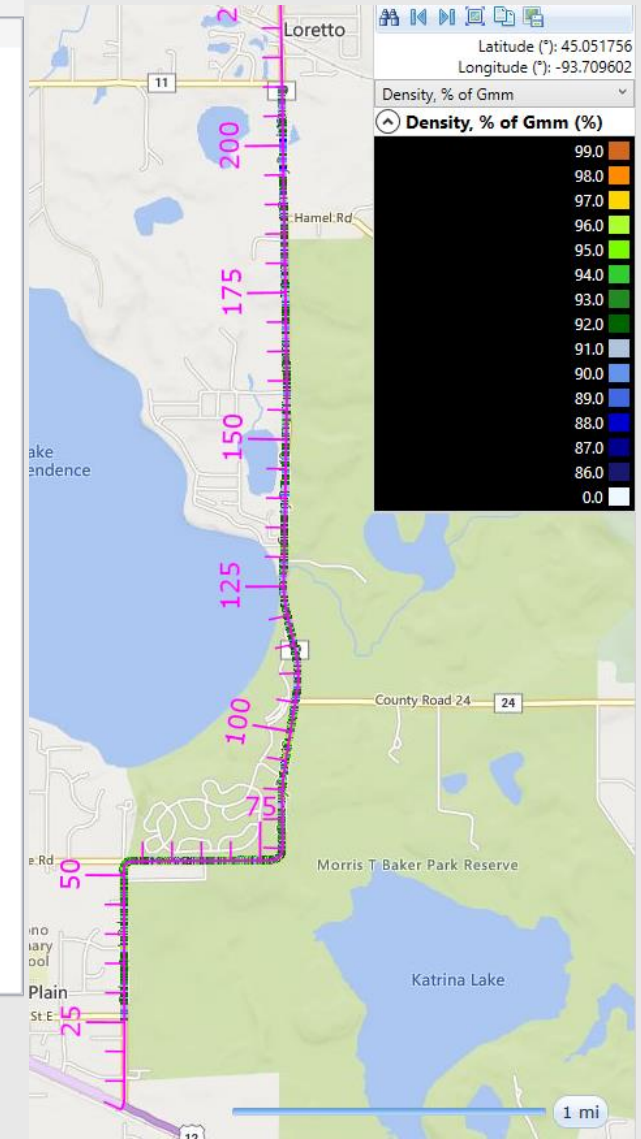
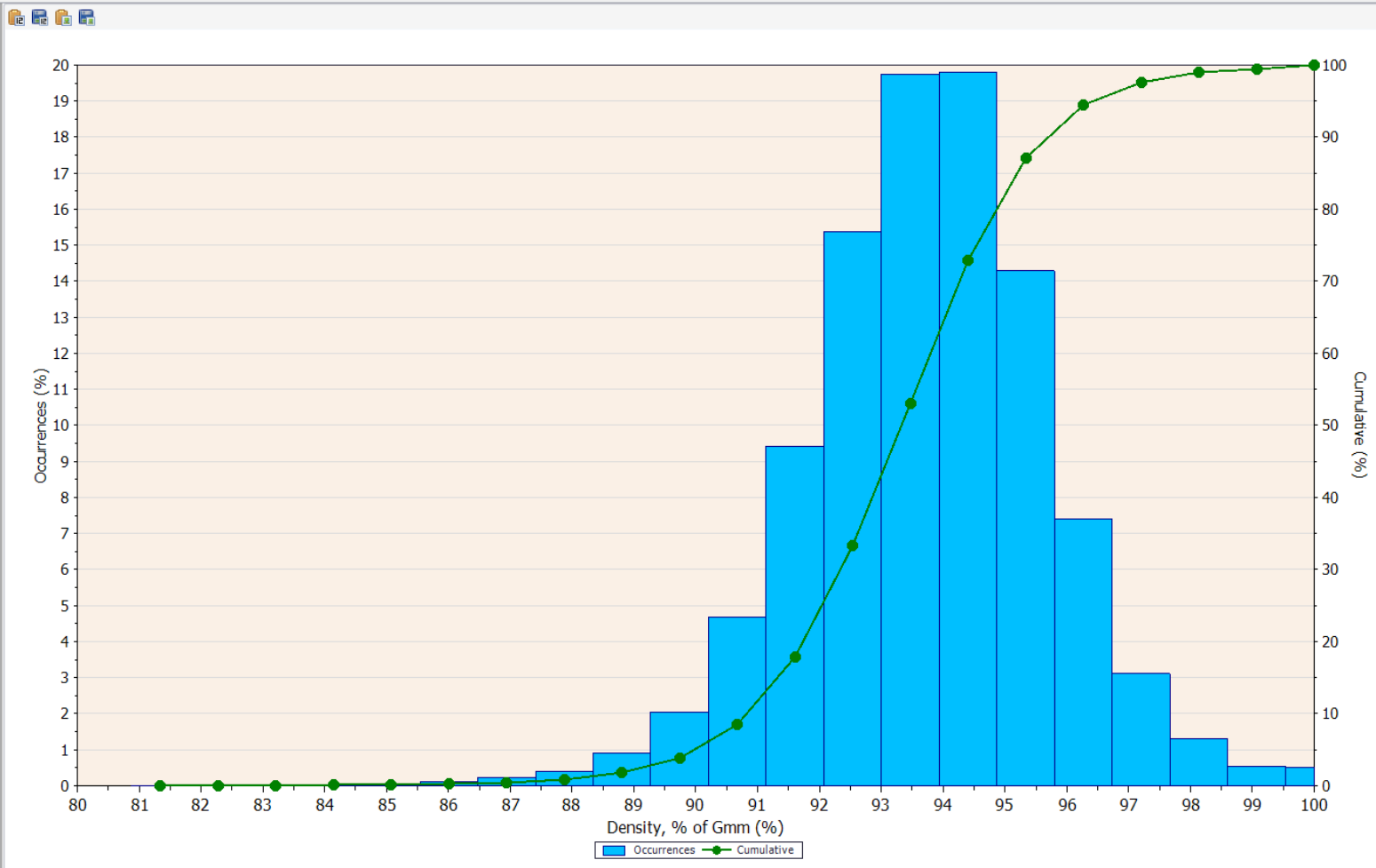


b. PMTP Thermal Data

Initial Use of Kontur 3D DPS

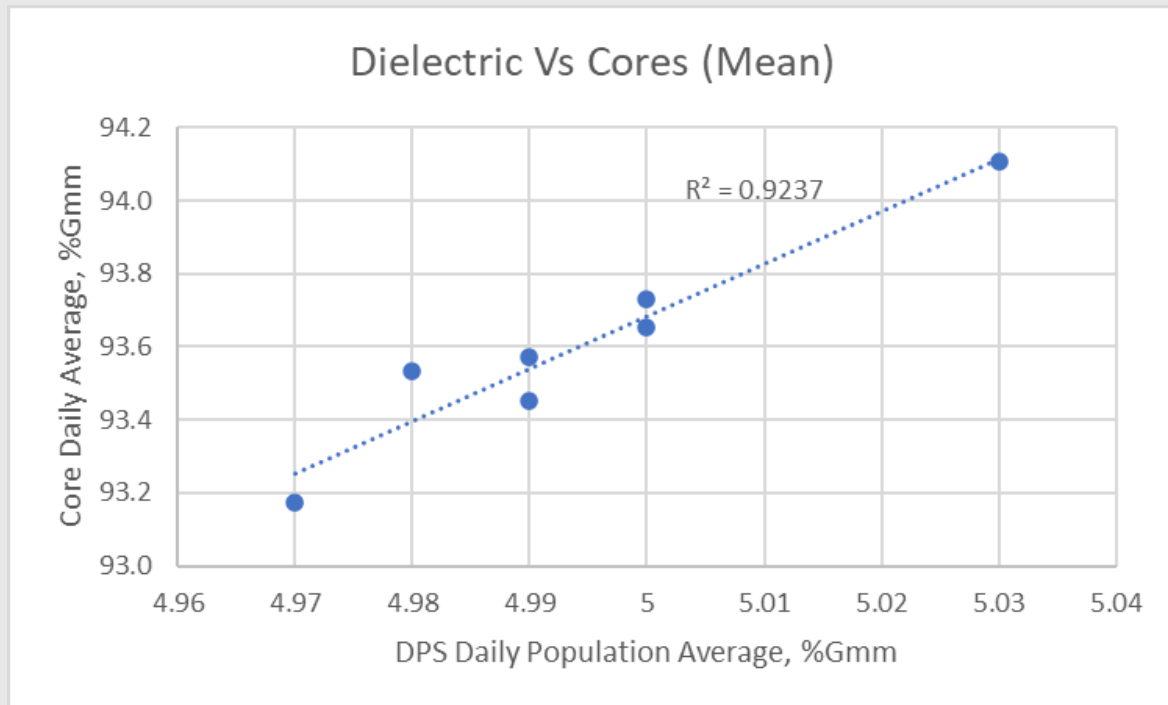
2024 CY – CSAH19 Overview

Distribution	
Statistic	Value
Mean (%)	93.3
Standard Deviation (%)	2.0
CoV (%)	2
Variance	3.94
Min (%)	81.3
Max (%)	100.0
Sample Size	967,359
Acceptance	Passed
Acceptance (%)	94.67

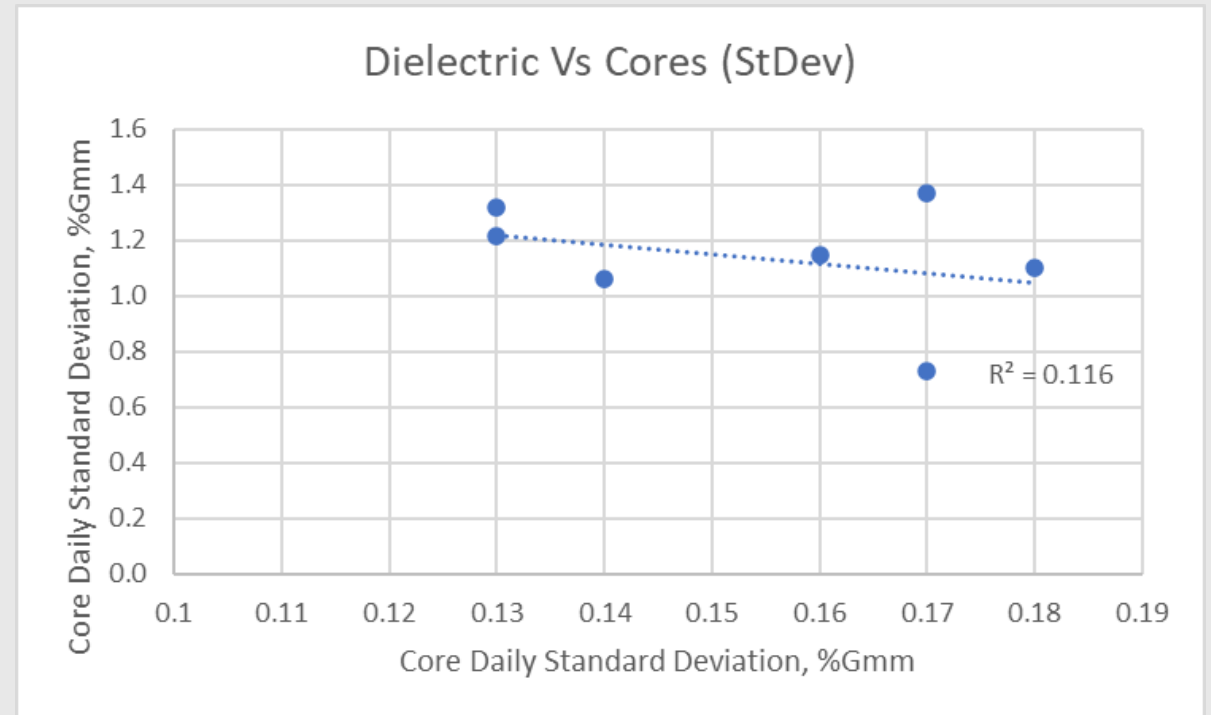


2024 CY – CSAH19 Daily Comparison

Cores are adequate for characterizing daily average density

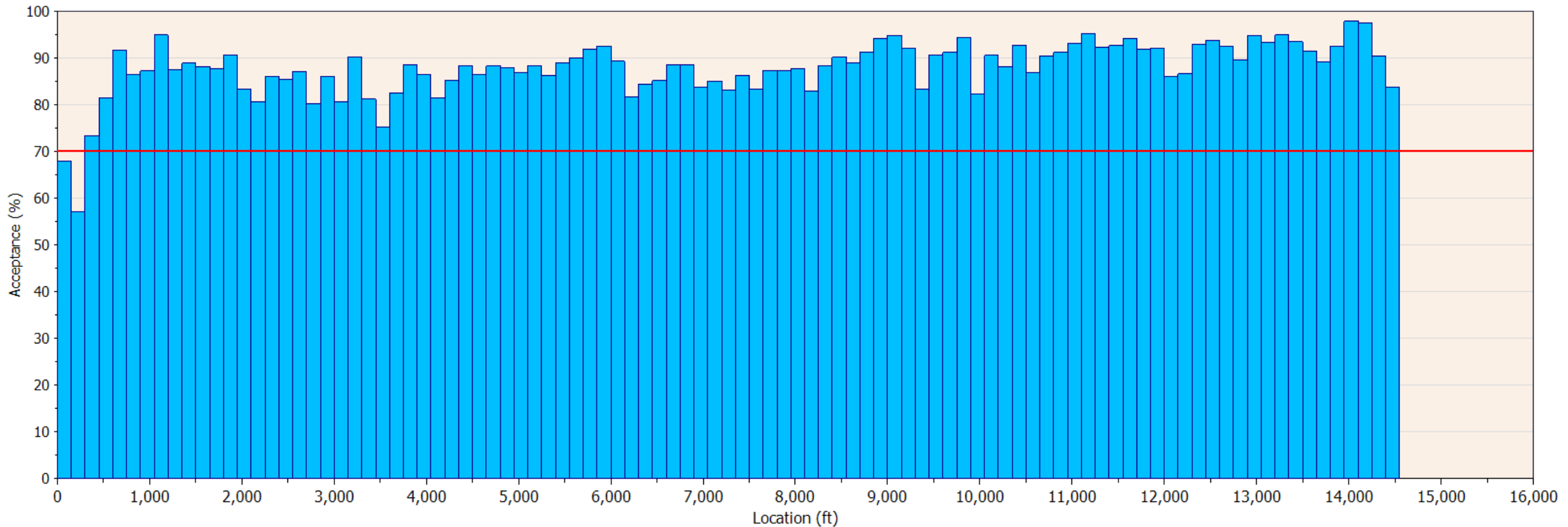


Cores struggle to characterize variability



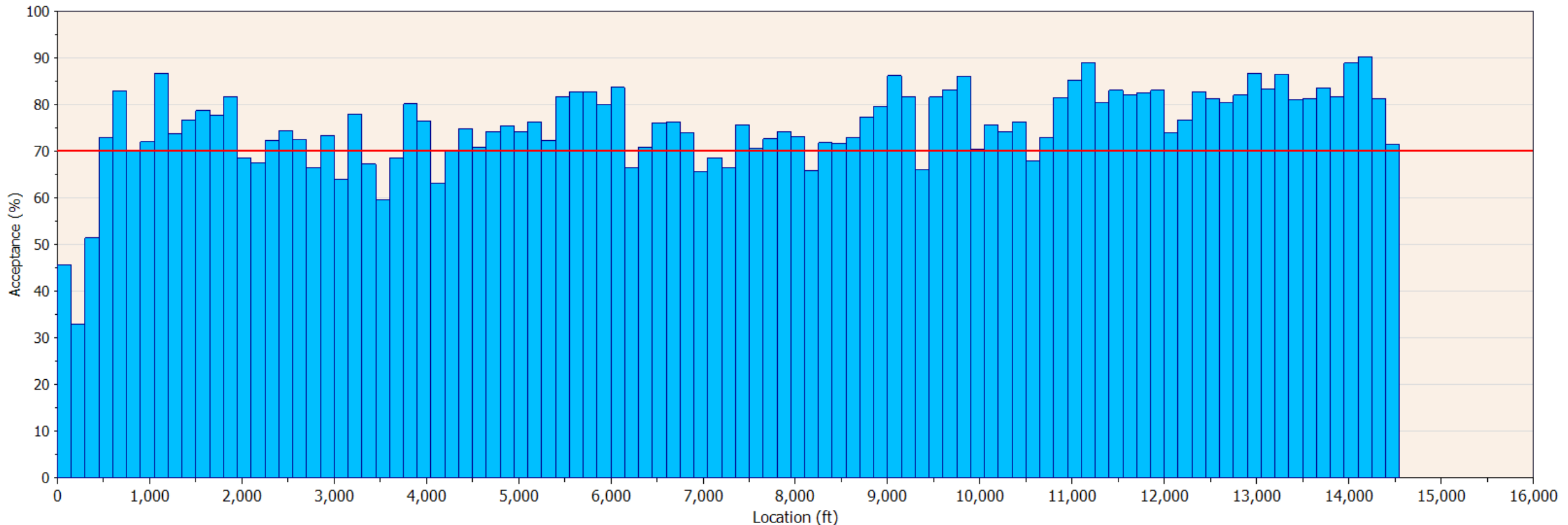
2024 CY – GSSI DPS on Anoka Project

Percent Below Limit (92%Gmm): With Population Field Core Data Available



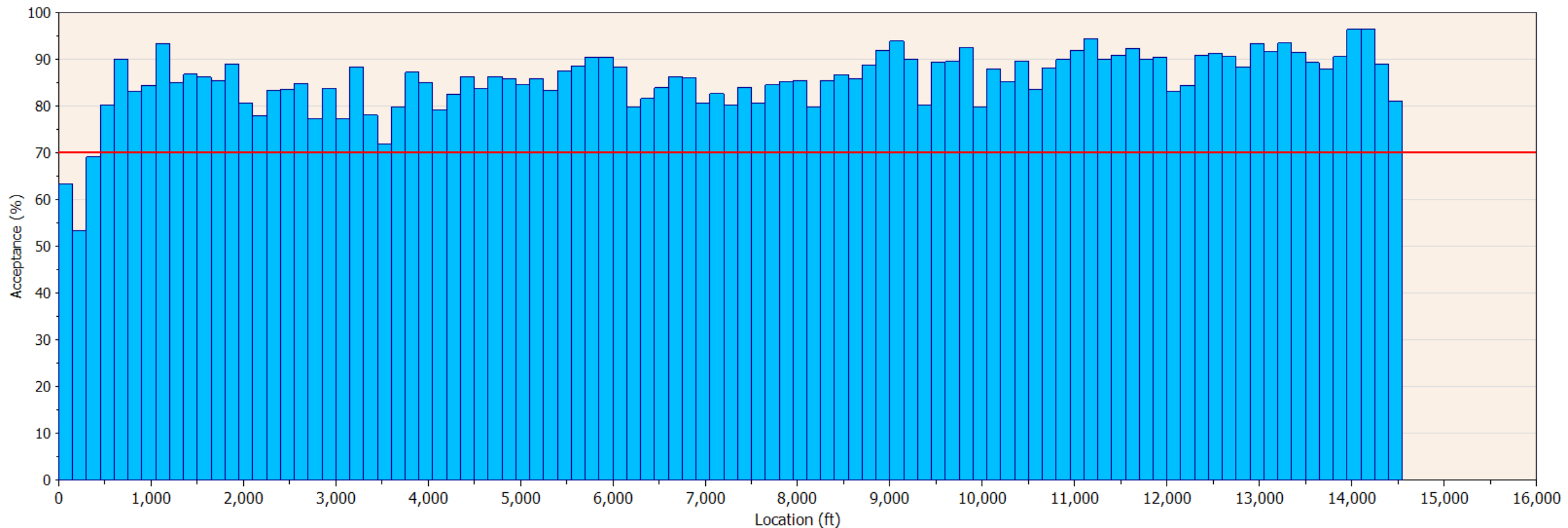
2024 CY – GSSI DPS on Anoka Project

Percent Below Limit (92%Gmm): Hypothetical with No Field Core Data Available



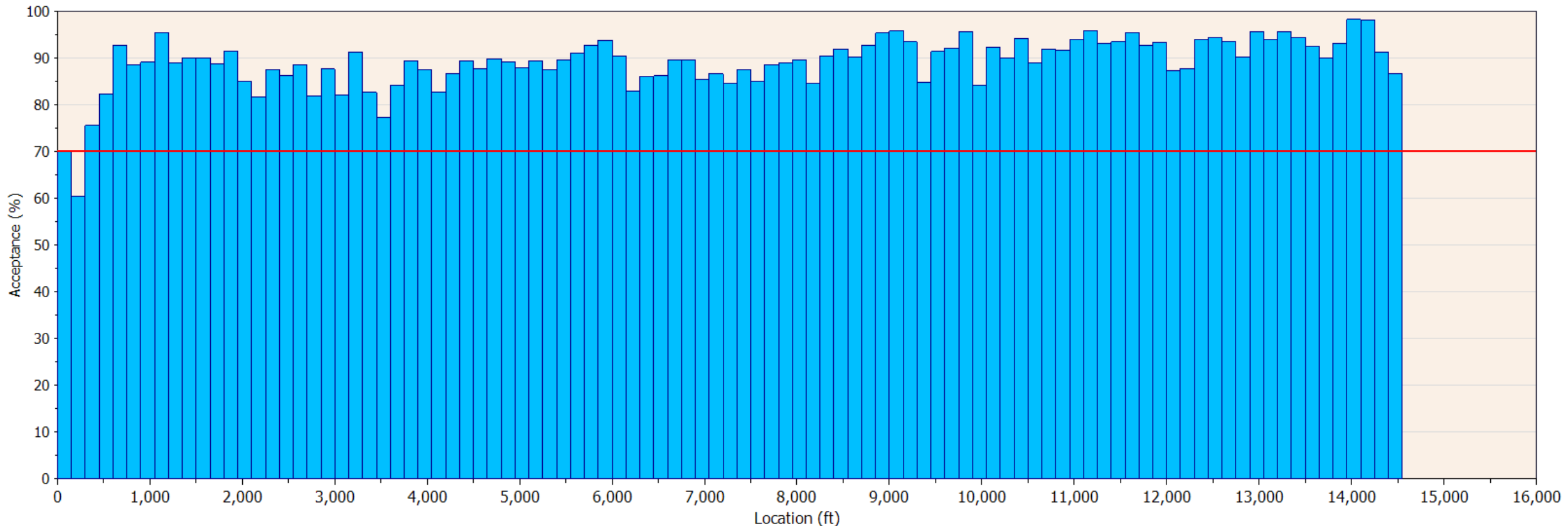
2024 CY – GSSI DPS on Anoka Project

Variability Below Limit: With Population Field Core Data Available



2024 CY – GSSI DPS on Anoka Project

Variability Below Limit: Hypothetical with No Field Core Data Available



Phase II Priorities

RESEARCH TRACK

- R1. Field, lab and simulation research of critical factors to develop best and worst use conditions for DPS**
- R2. Evaluation of improved data collection methods**
- R3. Benefit-cost analysis of DPS compared with other density measurements**
- R4. Development of advanced analysis techniques**
- R5. Identification of uses of dielectric data without converting to density**

Presented by GSSI at our DPS Pooled Fund Technical Working Group 3/11/24



Presented by GSSI at our DPS Pooled Fund Technical Working Group 3/11/24



DPS for Quality Management and DPS Incentive/Disincentive

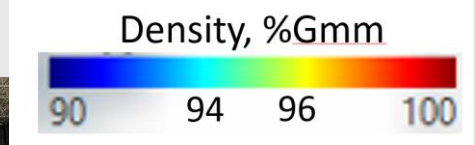
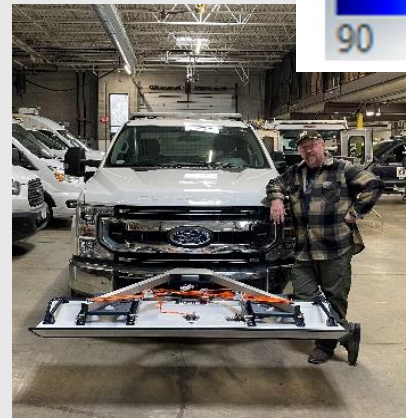
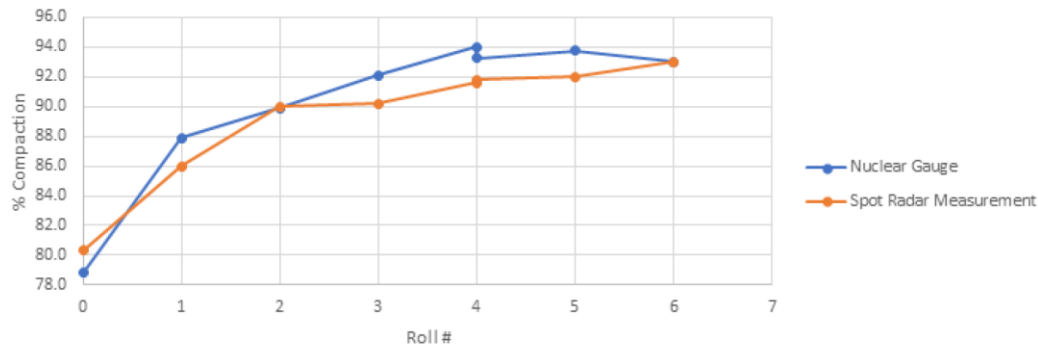
Presented by GSSI at our DPS Pooled Fund Technical Working Group 3/11/24

Real-Time Accurate Information

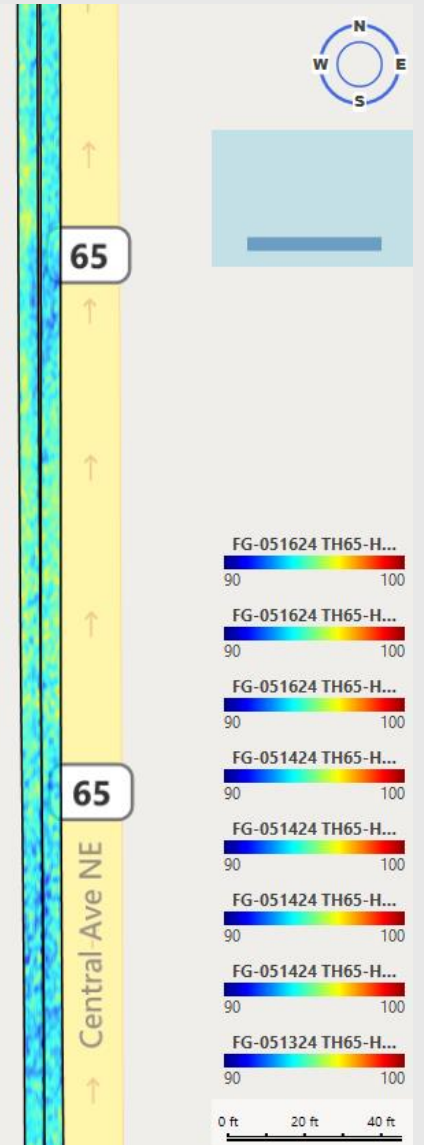


Point Testing at single locations

Nuclear Gauge and Spot Measurements Versus Roller Pass



2024
2nd 3D-Ground
Penetrating Radar Unit



Phase II Priorities

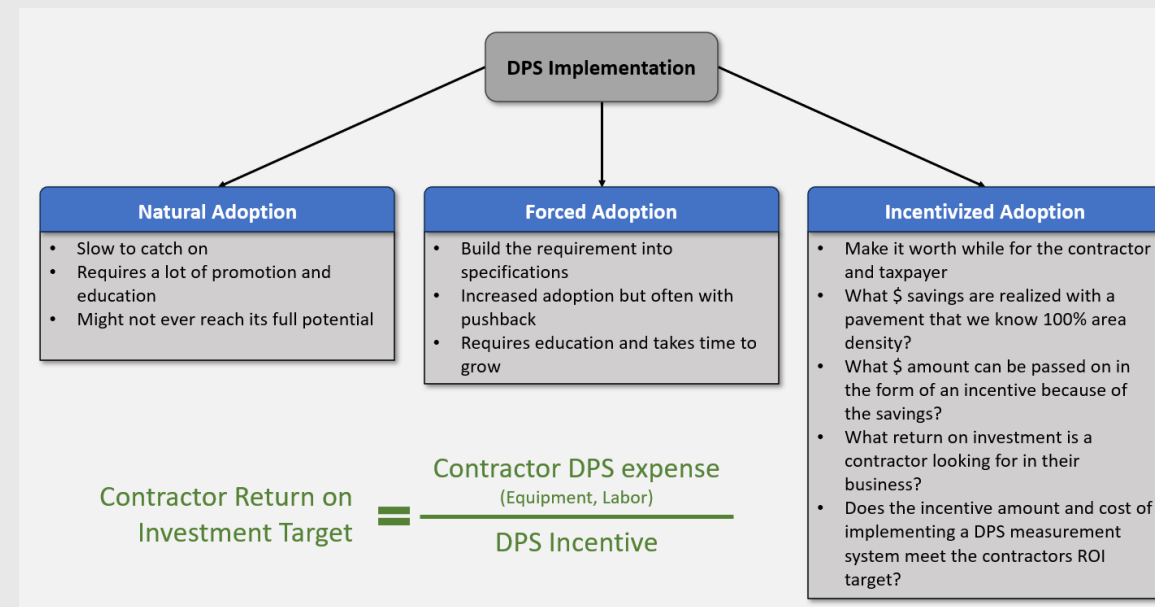
IMPLEMENTATION TRACK

- I1. Development of training materials, personnel, demonstrations and pilot projects
- I2. Updating American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) specifications and ghost implementation protocols
- I3. [Support of national pilot project ghost implementations](#)
- I4. Development of a DPS certification center

MARKETING AND COMMUNICATIONS TRACK

- M1. Support of communication
- M2. Continued training and technical assistance
- M3. Continued promotion of the technology

Presented by CAT at our November 2023 DPS Pooled fund Peer Exchange/Project Update



Thank You! Questions?

Kyle Hoegh

Kyle.hoegh@state.mn.us



DPS National Pooled Fund Program



DPS Contacts - Materials & Road Research - MnDOT
www.dot.state.mn.us

Informational Materials



DPS DIGEST

SEPTEMBER 2022

Contractors, ask yourselves one question: Do you feel lucky?

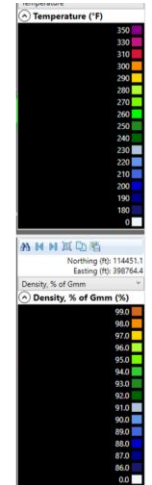
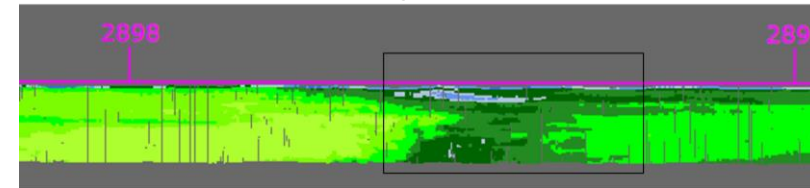
CONTRACTORS ROUTINELY cut cores from the roadway after construction to verify the pavement meets minimum density requirements. These singular random coring locations are used as the basis for acceptance of a larger portion of the pavement. The density results affect contractors and owners alike; for owners such as transportation agencies, a good core result can foretell the road's long-term durability, while contractors often have conditional financial incentives



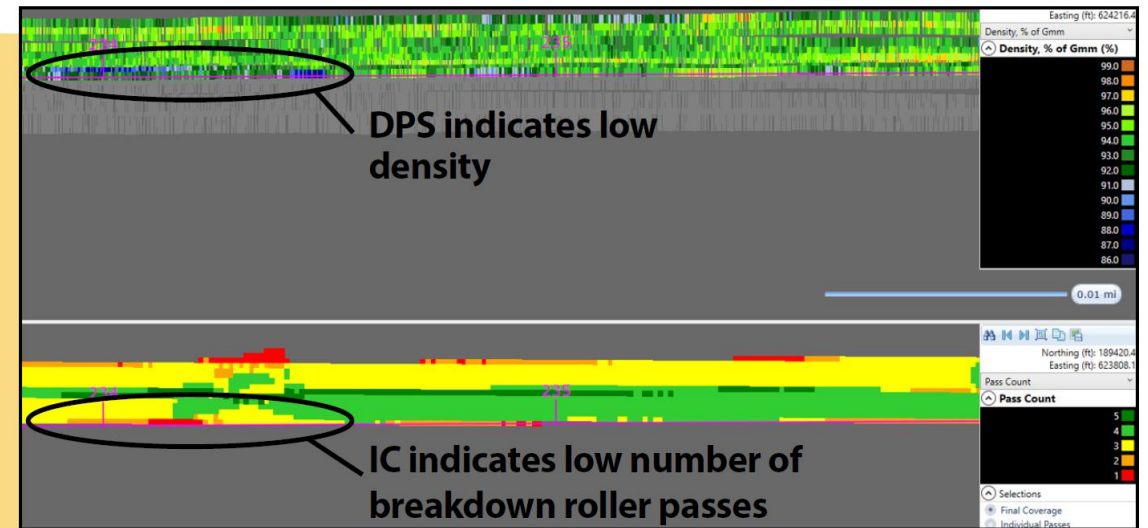
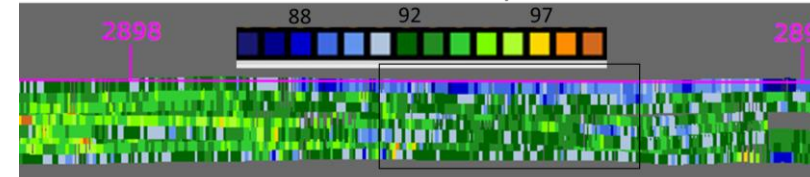
By rolling a DPS unit over the newly paved roadway, crews measured the pavement's density in real time.

Process Improvement: Leveraging ICT technologies

PMTP Measured Temperature at Placement, °F



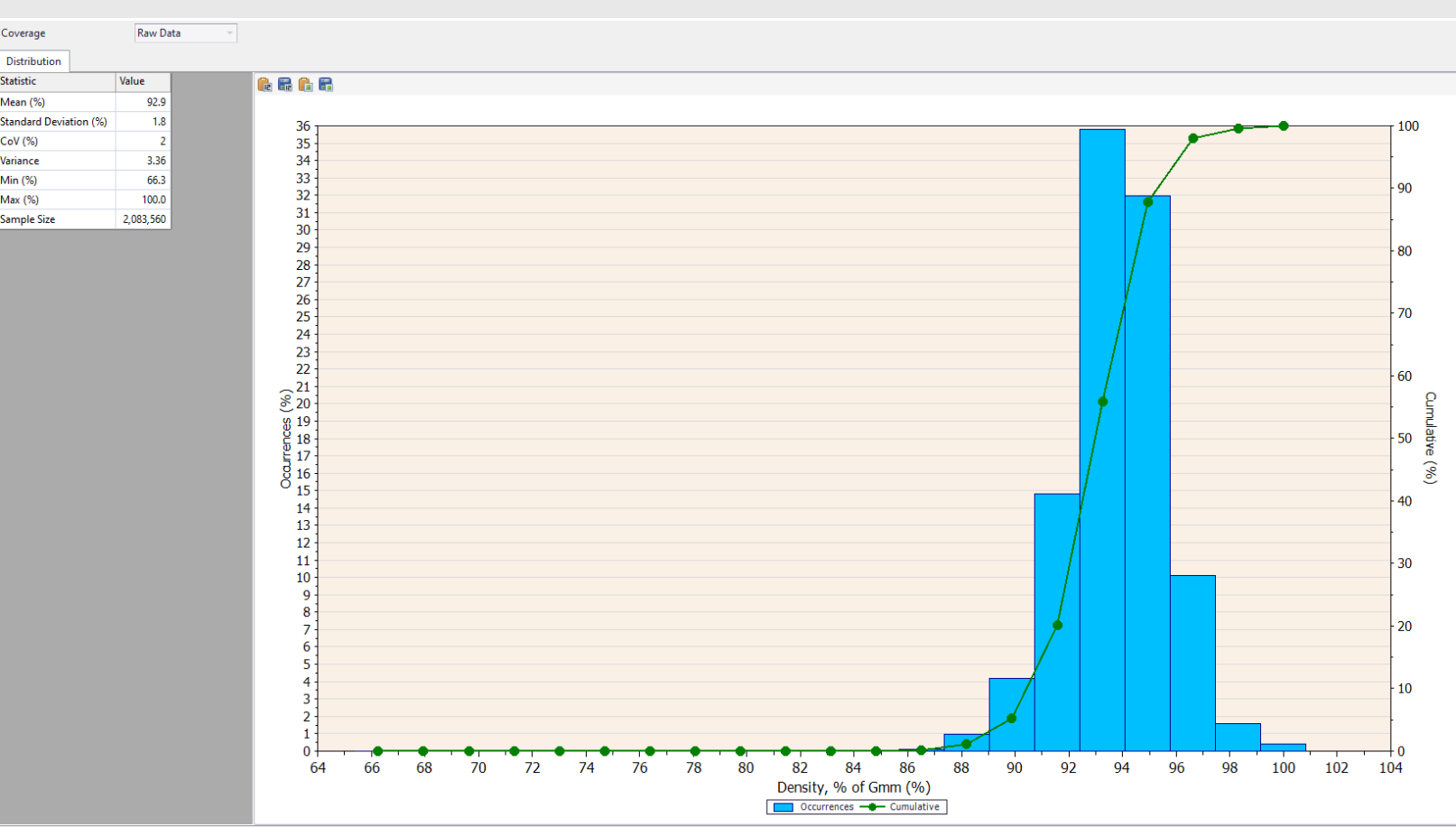
DPS Measured Density, %Gmm



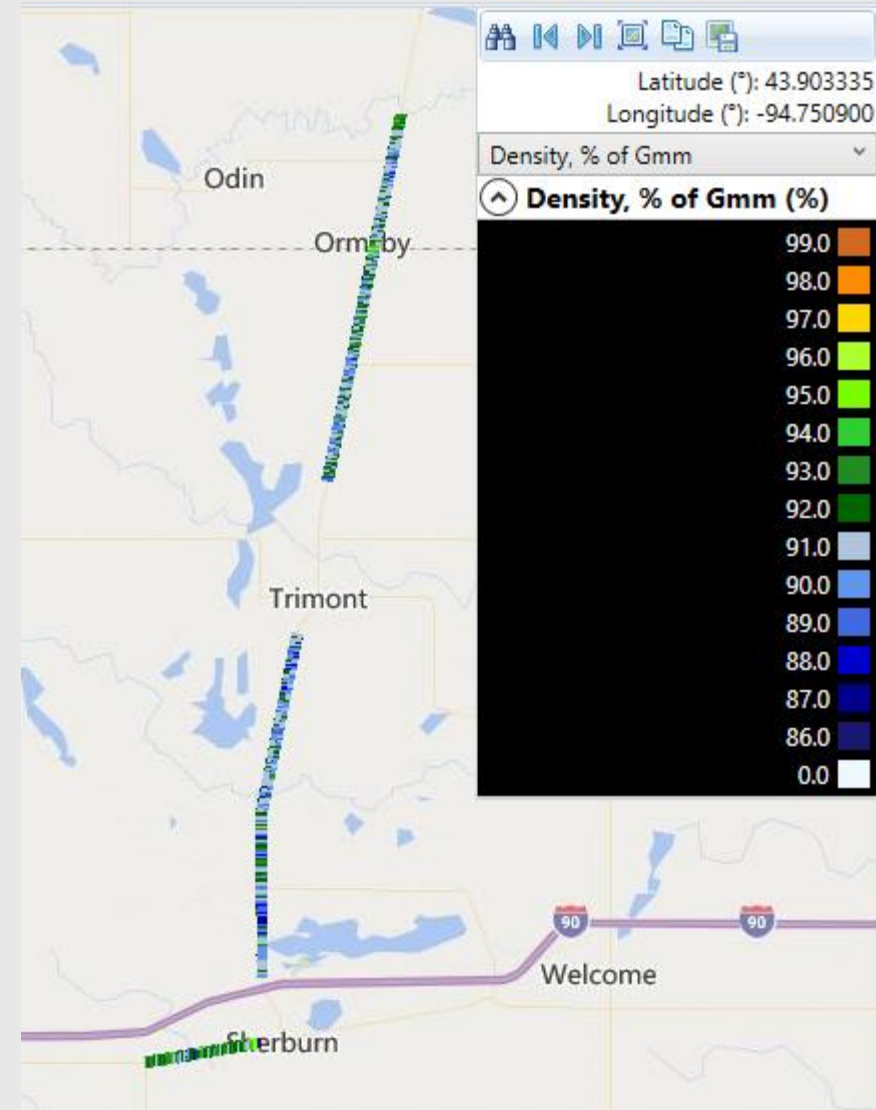
Training/Peer Exchange Opportunities



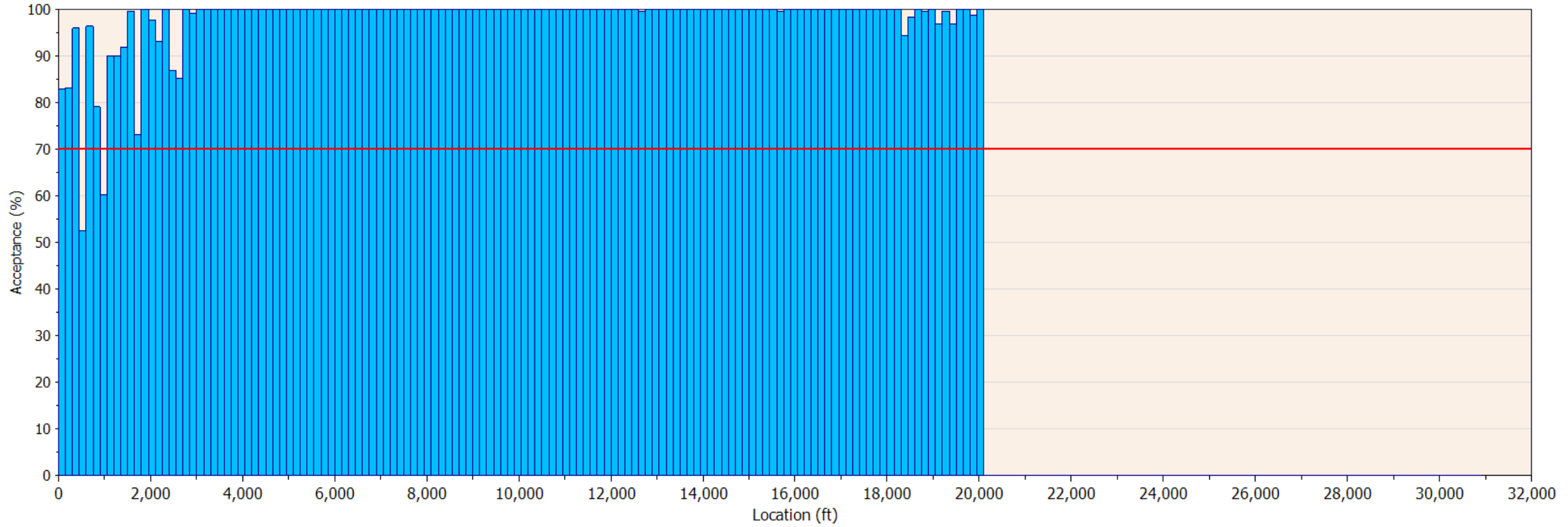
2024 CY – TH4 Overview



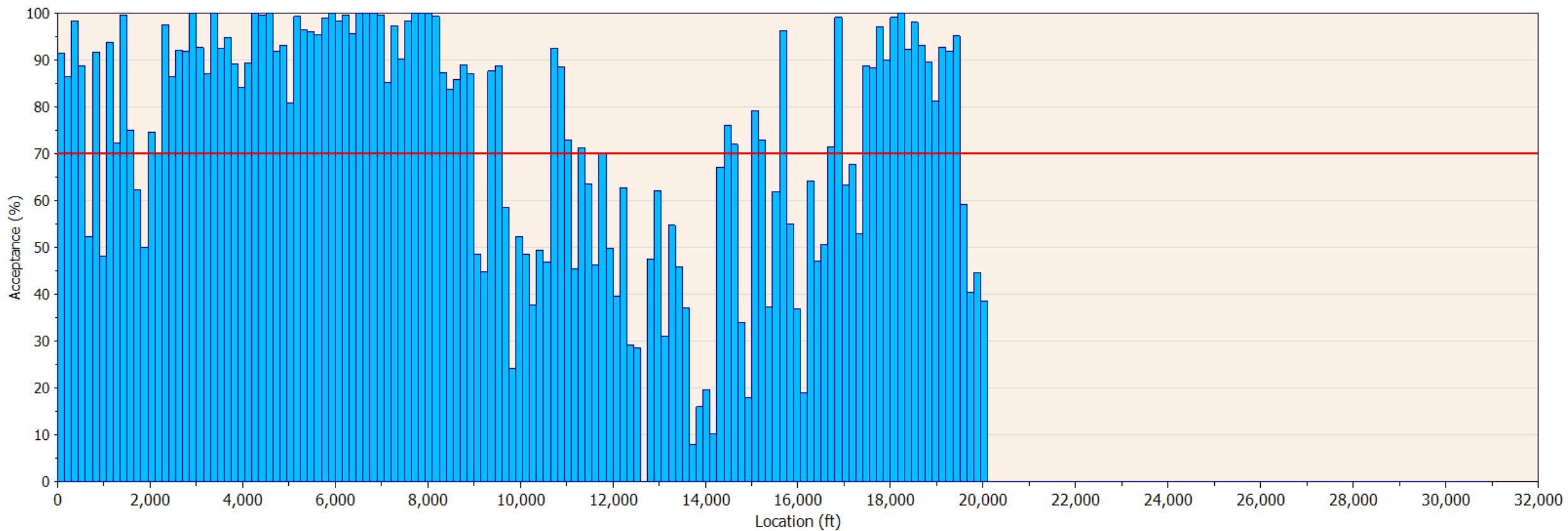
[TH4 Results](#)



RL CL L1



RL Sh L1

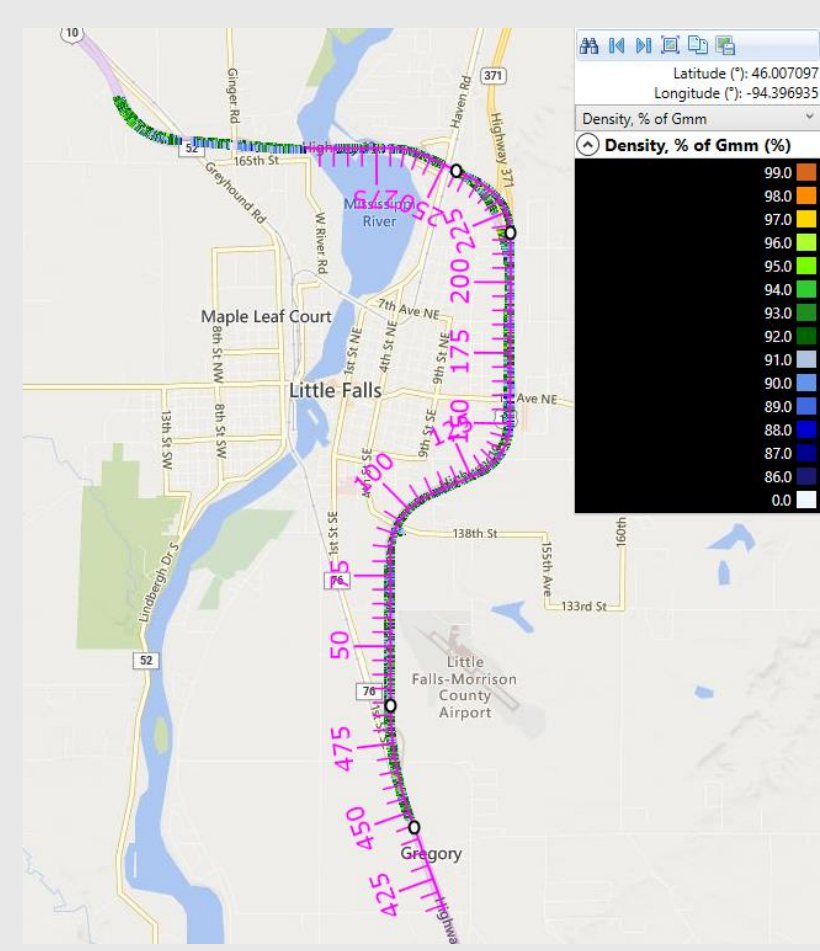
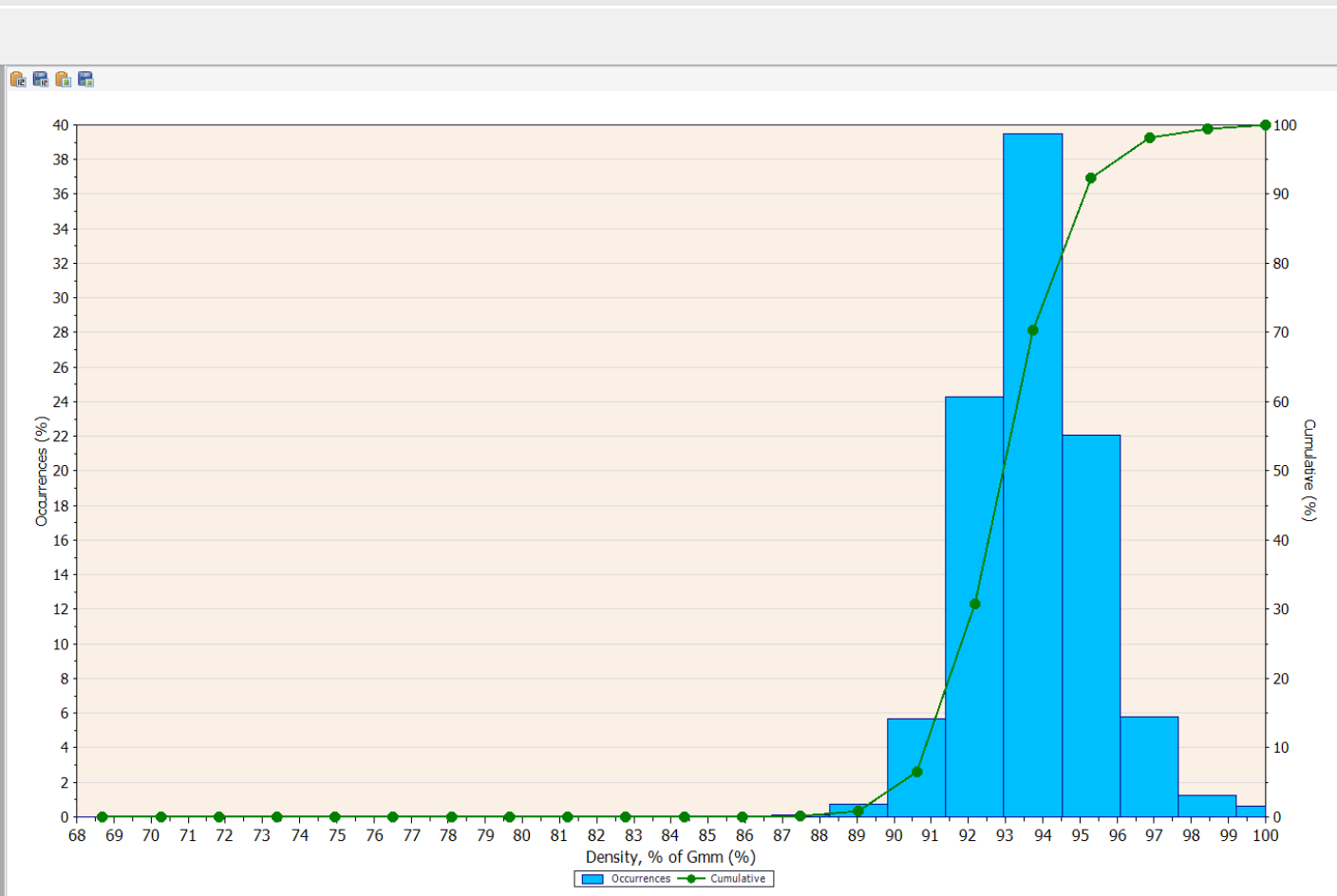


2024 CY – TH10 Overview

Coverage: Raw Data

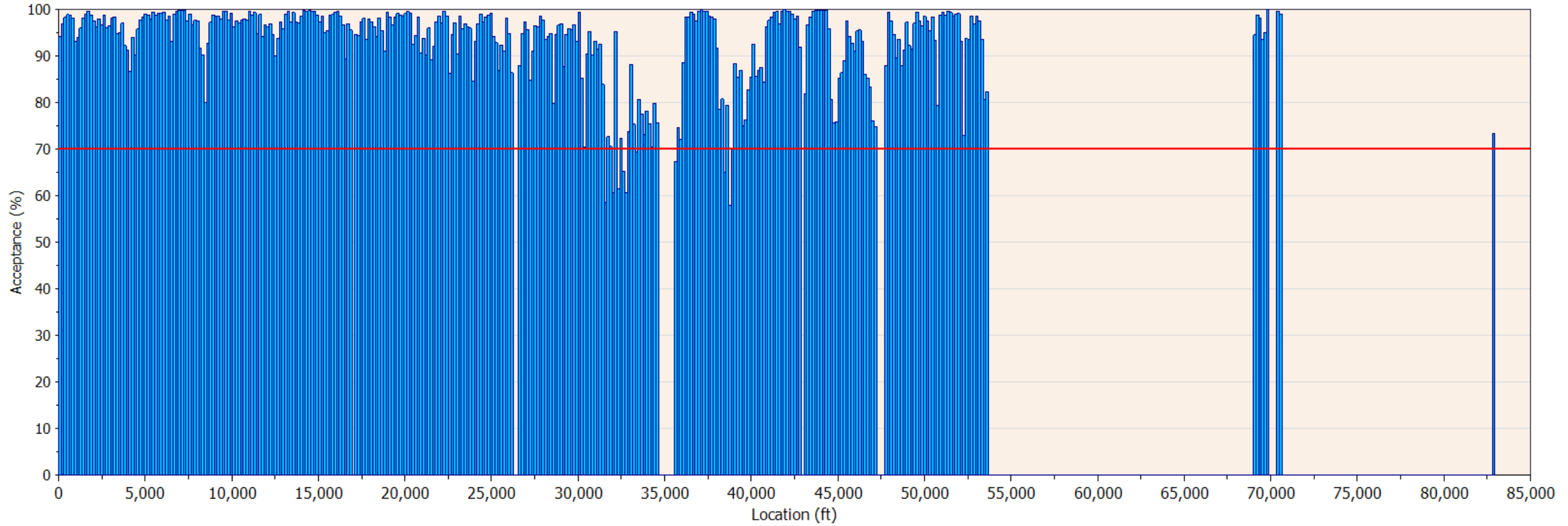
Distribution

Statistic	Value
Mean (%)	93.0
Standard Deviation (%)	1.7
CoV (%)	2
Variance	2.83
Min (%)	68.7
Max (%)	100.0
Sample Size	1,373,326
Acceptance	Passed
Acceptance (%)	89.36

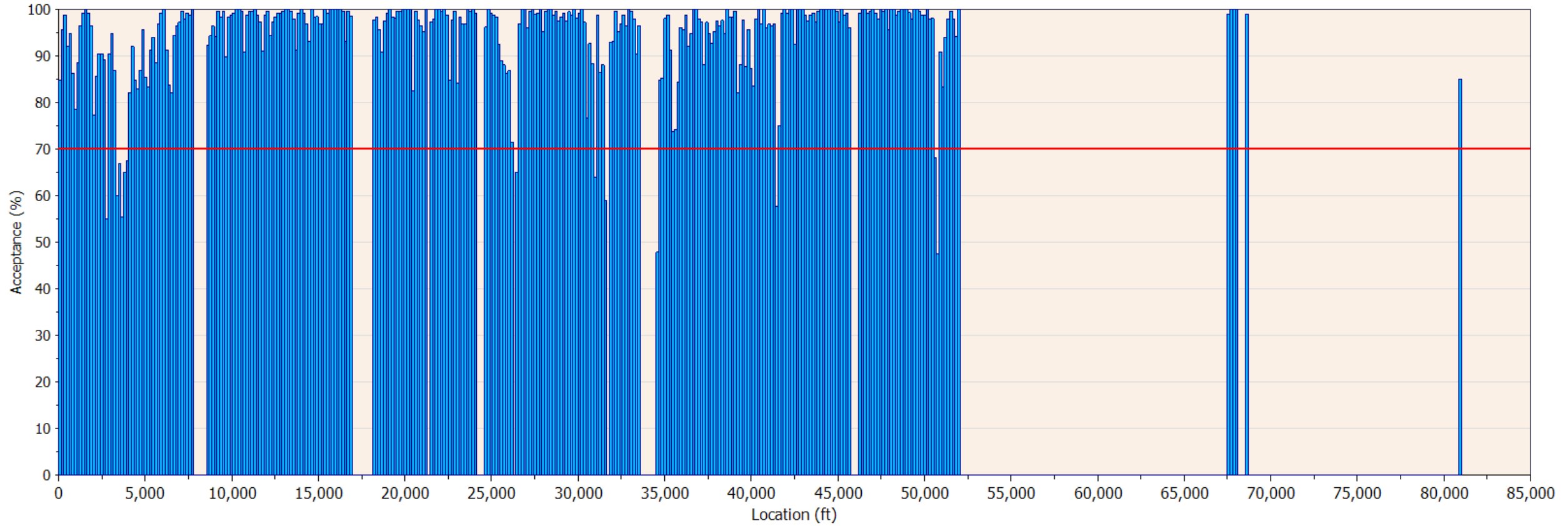


TH10 Results

WB RL Mat

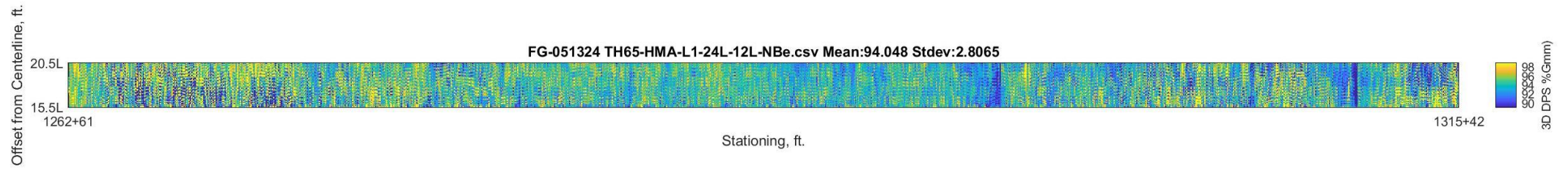


WB RL CL

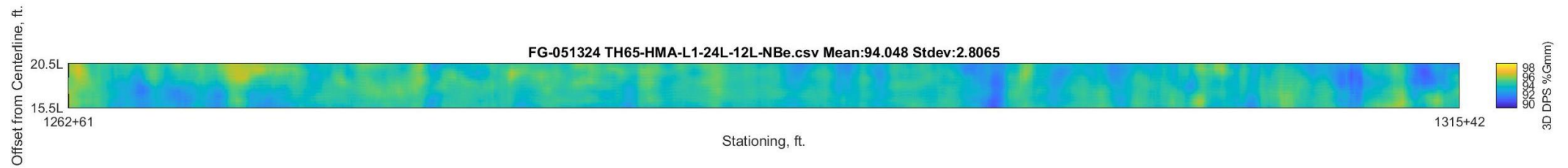


Initial Use of Kontur 3D DPS

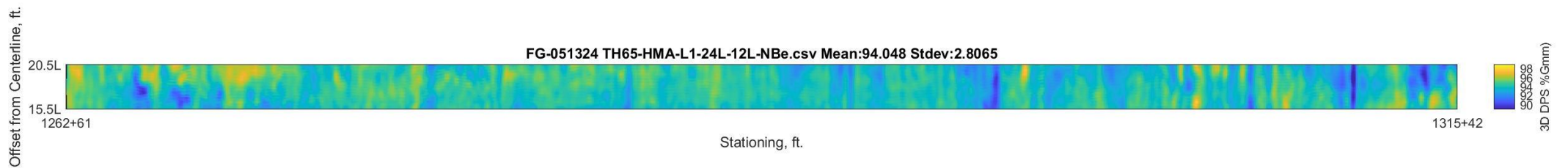
None



movmean



rloess



Phase II Priorities

RESEARCH TRACK

- R1. Field, lab and simulation research of critical factors to develop best and worst use conditions for DPS
- R2. Evaluation of improved data collection methods
- R3. Benefit-cost analysis of DPS compared with other density measurements
- R4. Development of advanced analysis techniques
- R5. Identification of uses of dielectric data without converting to density

