# Welcome to PHYS 211 PLT

#### **Topics for Today**

1.

Simple Harmonic Motion 2.

System Resonance

### 1. Simple Harmonic Motion

#### What is SHM

Simple Harmonic Motion occurs when an object is put into oscillation and proceeds back and forth in motion

Most common example of SHM is a single mass on a spring where the mass is given an excitation.

### Differential Equation of SHM

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -\omega^2 x$$

**Derived from Newton's Second Law!** 

#### Solution of the Form:

$$x(t) = A\cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

With A being amplitude, omega the frequency, and phi being the phase shift( dependent on the initial conditions)

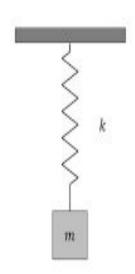
Taking Derivatives of Time:

$$v(t) = -\omega A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$
  
 
$$a(t) = -\omega^2 A \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

## 2. Resonance Frequency

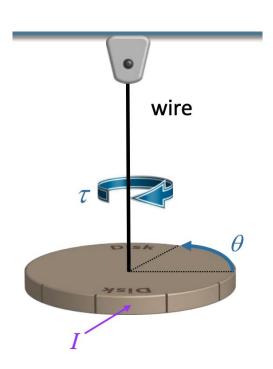
### Mass on a Spring

The natural frequency is the frequency of oscillation an object exhibits given a disturbance



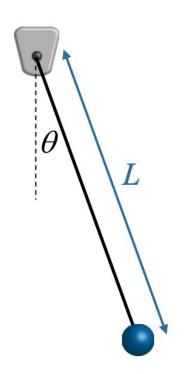
$$\omega^2 = k/m$$

### **Torsional Pendulum**



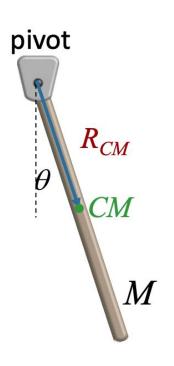
$$\omega^2 = \kappa/I$$

### Simple Pendulum



$$\omega^2 = g/L$$

### Physical Pendulum



$$\omega^2 = mgR_{CM}/I$$