

Name: _____

DISC: _____

Score: ____ / 20

Instructions:

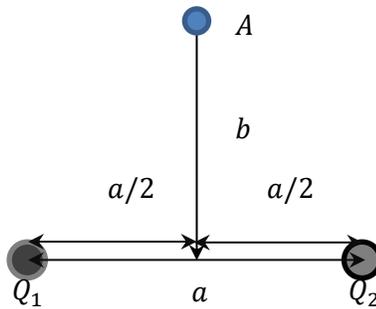
- Do your own work.
- Answer the questions below in the space provided.
- Make sure you show all your work and any equations that you use.
- Please place a box around your answers.
- Remember to give the correct units with all numerical answers

| | | | |
|----|----|----|----|
| Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| 5 | 10 | 5 | 5 |

1. How would you explain the difference between the **electric potential energy** and the **electric potential**? Are these quantities vectors or scalars?

Definitions: 3 pts.
Vector or Scalar: 2 pts

2. Consider the following situation (Q_1, Q_2 are fixed):



| a | b | Q_1 | Q_2 | k | ELECTRIC POTENTIAL | WORK |
|-----|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------|----------|
| 5 m | 3 m | +6.0 μC | -3.5 μC | $9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2$ | $V(r) = \frac{kq}{r}$ | $W = Vq$ |

- a. Using the information in the table, find the electric potential at the point A.

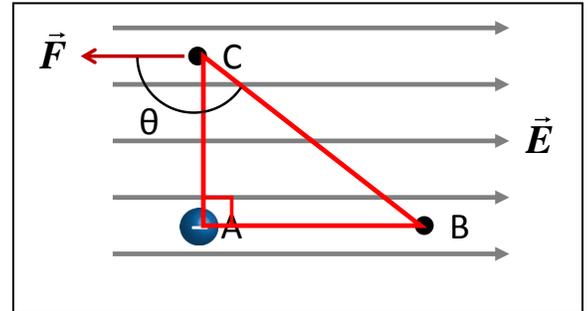
Potential (5 pts):

- b. How much work do you have to do to bring a charge $q = 1.5 \mu\text{C}$ from far away to the point A ?

Work (5 pts):

3. Consider the charged particle and uniform electric field shown in the figure. The particle travels from point A to point C to point B . ($W = F\Delta r \cos \theta$)
- a. In which step(s) does the *electric force* do work?

Steps (2 pts):



- b. How does the work done by the *electric force* change if the particle travels from point A to point B *without* traveling to point C ? Explain your reasoning.

Change (1 pts):
Explanation (2 pts):

This page intentionally left blank.