

Name: _____

DISC: _____

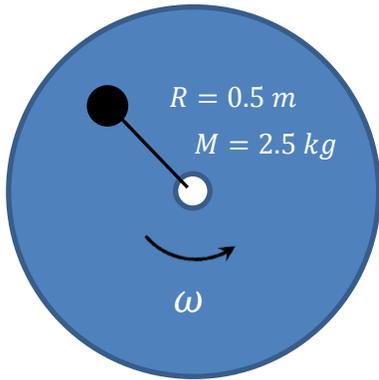
Score: ____ / 20

Instructions:

- Do your own work.
- Answer the questions below in the space provided.
- Make sure you show all your work and any equations that you use.
- Please place a box around your answers.
- Remember to give the correct units with all numerical answers

| | | | |
|----|----|----|----|
| Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| | | | |
| 10 | 10 | 5 | 5 |

1. Consider a block tied to a string which rotates with constant speed on a frictionless surface as shown in the diagram.



| R (disk-to-block) | M (block) | I | ω |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|----------|
| 0.5 m | 2.5 kg | MR^2 | 16 rad/s |

Table 1: Properties of the System

Figure 1: Top View of Rotating Block

a. There are external torques acting on this system?

- No, the table is frictionless.
- Yes, the string has tension pulling on the block.

External Torques (2 pts):

b. Like translational momentum, angular momentum is a conserved quantity. In your own words, explain the conditions under which angular momentum is conserved.

Explanation of Conservation (3 pts):

c. Remember, angular momentum is $L = I\omega$. What is the angular momentum of the block?

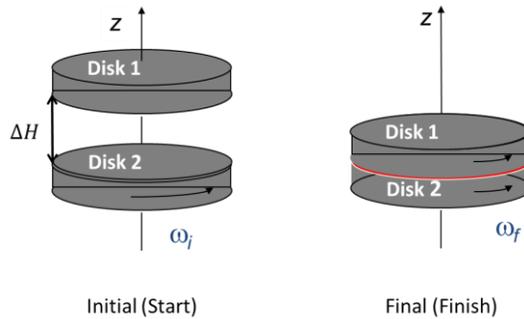
Angular Momentum (2 pts):

d. You pull on the string, reducing the radius of the rotation by $R/4$. Calculate the new rotational velocity ω_{new} .

New speed (3 pts):

2. Consider the system of two disks as shown in the diagram. The important parameters are given in the table:

| DISK | MASS | RADIUS | MOMENT OF | INITIAL ω |
|------|-------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 25 kg | 0.5 m | $\frac{1}{2}MR^2$ | 0 rad/s |
| 2 | 12 kg | 0.5 m | $\frac{1}{2}MR^2$ | 15 rad/s |



- a. Disk 1 is initially stationary and Disk 2 is initially rotating as shown in the *Initial* diagram. Disk 1 suddenly falls resulting in the situation in the *Final* diagram. Explain in your own words what you expect to happen.

Explanation (3 pts):

- b. Calculate the angular momentum for the *Initial* system:

Angular Momentum (2 pts):

- c. What is the final angular momentum of the system?

Angular Momentum (2 pts):

- d. Find the final rotational speed (ω_f) of the system of disks in the *Final* diagram.

Final speed (3 pts):