



Two Minute Challenge: Library/Database Use

You are working as an intern when your supervisor asks you to do a rush research project on reputation management strategies of executives who use social media. You know that you could do a fast, quality job using the University of Illinois Library resources, since it has excellent databases and you are already familiar with how to use them effectively. What do you do?

Thought question: What if your supervisor specifically suggests you use your access to the University's databases because the company doesn't have access to the same quality databases? Does that change your view of the situation?

Issues

Misuse of resources
(theft of services)

Determining limits
on appropriate usage

Looking good to
your boss

Getting the company
in trouble

Costing the university
money or access

Telling your boss it
will take you longer

Rules and Regulations

Intellectual property laws

Company regulations

Questions

How can you determine appropriate
use of the university databases?

Does the company have access to the
same databases?

Is there another way to do the research?

Does the university provide a reference
service to any state citizen? Would they
assist the company if asked to help on
the question?

Would it be legitimate for any company
employee to go to the university library
to use the databases on site? If so, is it
also ok to dial into them?

What do you think of my boss, who
has asked me to lie using my name, or
"just" to use another name?



Resources

Mentor

Colleagues

Company code of conduct

Company Ethical Hotline
(anonymous)

University librarians (ok to use?)

Options

Use the university's databases
and risk getting caught

Ask for access to company
research tools

Call the library for advice

Ask your boss for guidance

Takeaway Lessons:

- 1.) Intellectual property is still property.** The databases subscribed to by the University Library are subject to restrictions and your access is provided while you are a university student, not while you are serving as an employee of a company.
- 2.) Getting caught.** Many of the database vendors use sophisticated tracking and auditing systems to monitor that usage is appropriate and legal. The likelihood of getting caught using the database outside the licensed terms is high, and the consequences could be high to the University and to your employer.

