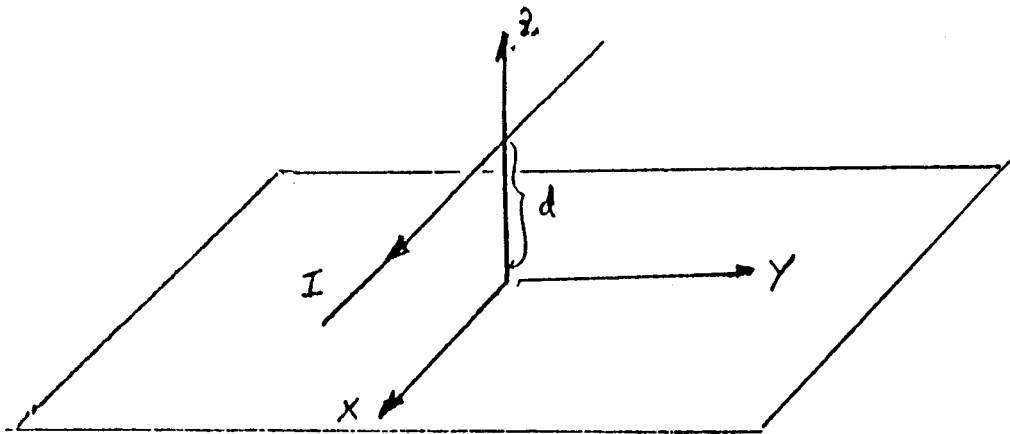


EM Fall 95A

A current of magnitude I flows along an infinitely long wire in the x direction a distance d above the plane surface of a superconductor placed at $z = 0$. For the purpose of this question, a superconductor has the following properties: no magnetic field can exist inside the superconductor (Meissner effect), and the normal component of \mathbf{B} vanishes on the boundary of the superconductor. You may use any units you wish, but you must use them consistently and state them explicitly.



- Compute the \mathbf{B} field in the region $z > 0$.
- Determine the direction and the magnitude of the surface current density induced on the boundary, as a function of y .
- Find the total induced current.