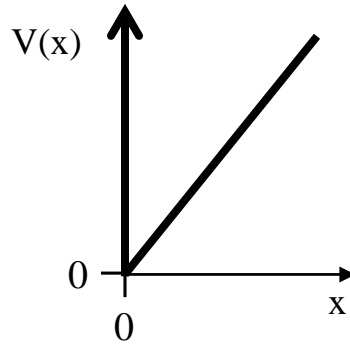


This problem uses the variational principle to calculate an upper bound for the ground state energy of a one dimensional quantum particle confined to a potential given by

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} \infty & \text{for } x < 0 \\ \lambda x & \text{for } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

This potential is sketched in the figure below.



Use a function proportional to $x e^{-\alpha x}$ as the variational wave function. The integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} dx x^n e^{-\beta x} = \frac{n!}{\beta^{n+1}}$$

may be of use in solving this problem.

- What is the normalization factor for this wave function?
- Find an upper bound for the ground state energy.
- Copy the shape of the potential function in your answer book and draw a line to indicate the ground state energy. On the same graph sketch the shape of the wave function.
- Now extend this problem to 3 dimensions in the following manner: In the y and z directions the particle is free to move anywhere between $\pm\infty$, without forces. What are the quantum numbers of the energy eigenstates? Which are continuous and which are discrete? Ignore spin.