

QM Fall 02 B

A particle of mass m in a potential $V(x)$ is in a state of definite energy

$$E = -\frac{\hbar^2}{8ma^2}$$

with a wavefunction

$$\begin{aligned}\psi(x) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2a^3}} x e^{-x/2a} & (x \geq 0) \\ \psi(x) &= 0 & (x < 0)\end{aligned}$$

where a is a constant.

- Sketch the wavefunction. Does this wavefunction correspond to the ground state or an excited state of the particle? Explain your reasoning.
- Find the potential, $V(x)$, to which this wavefunction corresponds, and sketch it.
- Show explicitly that the above wavefunction satisfies Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.