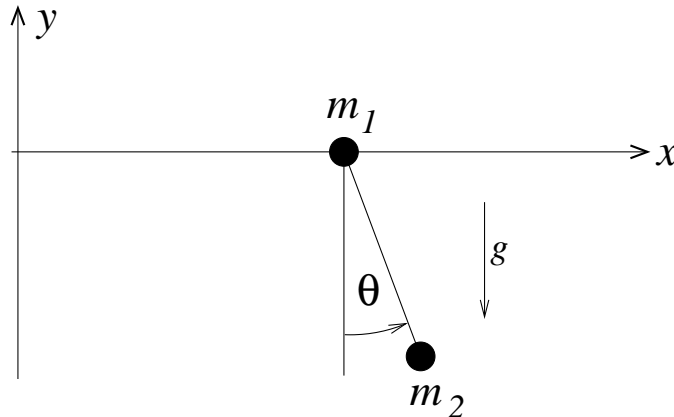


**CM** Consider a point-mass  $m_1$  located at  $(x_1, 0)$  that can slide on a frictionless horizontal rail oriented along the  $x$  axis. A pendulum of mass  $m_2$ , located at  $(x_2, y_2)$ , is attached to  $m_1$  with a massless rigid wire of length  $l$ . The motion of the pendulum is confined to the  $x - y$  plane (see figure).



- Take the position  $x_1$  of  $m_1$  and the angle  $\theta$  that the pendulum makes with the vertical as the two generalized coordinates. Write down the Lagrangian  $L$  of this system in terms of the generalized coordinates and their time derivatives.
- From the Lagrangian  $L$ , obtain the two equations of motion for the system.
- Write down the momenta  $p_{x_1}$ ,  $p_\theta$  that are canonically conjugate to your generalized coordinates and use them to obtain the Hamiltonian of the system. Do you expect its value  $E$  to be a conserved quantity? Explain why or why not.
- Write the expression, in terms of the generalized coordinates and their time derivatives, for the total horizontal momentum  $P_x = m_1\dot{x}_1 + m_2\dot{x}_2$  of the system. Is  $P_x$  a conserved quantity? Why or why not?
- Similarly write down the vertical component of the momentum  $P_y = m_2\dot{y}_2$  in terms of the generalized coordinates. Is it a conserved quantity?