## 5

- (a) Two relativistic particles with equal rest masses m have total energy E in the laboratory (lab) frame in which one is at rest. In their center of mass (CM) frame, their total energy is  $E_{\rm CM}$ . Find E in terms of  $E_{\rm CM}$  and m.
- (b) A proton and an antiproton, each with rest mass  $m_p$ , collide to produce a  $W^+W^-$  pair, each particle with rest mass  $m_w > m_p$ . Find the minimum (threshold) energy to produce the two Ws, as measured in the (i) CM and (ii) lab frames, respectively.
- (c) Find the velocity of the incident antiproton in the lab frame at threshold for the collision described in part (b).
- (d) Find the velocities of the  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  in the lab frame at threshold for the collision described in part (b).