

The State of RAP



ASTEC INDUSTRIES, INC.



Traditional RAP Wisdom Says...



3 Factors Determine RAP Percentage Used









How Much RAP Does the Producer Have?











2 How Much RAP Does the DOT/County/Agency Allow?













How Much RAP is your competition using?







How much can your plant handle?



Nope...see number #1!









RAP is like money in the bank...









RAP/RAS Pavement Failures...



...and Some Pavement Failures Blamed on RAP/RAS









RAP and RAS - Different Binders

Most shingles contain air-blown asphalt cement which is substantially harder than the normal asphalt binder used in a standard HMA mix.

A Growing State DOT Perspective









An Old Irish Blessing

"May you have the hindsight to know where you've been,

The foresight to know where you are going, And the insight to know when you have gone too far"







RAP in America





Where We Are...



Where We Are Going...

























FHWA Superpave Mixtures Expert Task Group developed a tiered approach for RAP usage.

- **0 to 15% RAP:** No change in the virgin binder grade.
- 15% to 25% RAP: Virgin binder grade should be decreased one grade—to soften the blend—on both the high and low temperature scales.
- Over 25% RAP: Blending charts should be used to determine required PG grade.











SUPERPAVE Mix Issues Impacting RAP Mix Performance

- High compaction/gyration levels yielded "dry" mixes.
- Coarse graded mixes that avoided "Restricted Zone" resulted in increased permeability, low binder contents.
- Use of high viscosity(stiff) PG binders made mixes too stiff.







Turner-Fairbank Highway Research Center High RAP ALF Study

- Focus on fatigue cracking of high RAP mixes (20%, 30% and 40%)
- Three year completion; 2 ALF units for 2 years of loading allows simultaneous loading
- Unmodified binder for all lanes, but 2 different grades
- Use of WMA technology that does not change PG grade
- 10 kip single wheel = 20 kip equivalent axle
- 4-inch total asphalt thickness











Where We Are...



NAPA's Latest **Asphalt Pavement Industry** Survey on **Recycled Materials** and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage

Survey responses are 42% of the estimated total tons for the 2015 construction season.









2015 Survey Highlights - RAP

- **+99%** of RAP from old pavements put into new pavements.
- **+74** million tons of RAP used in asphalt mixes in 2015.
- **3%** increase over 2014 and **+32%** increase over the 2009 usage.
- 1% decrease in respondents using RAP (from 100% to 99%).
- A few producers reported **landfilling RAP** in 2015.
- Estimated 2015 savings from RAP usage; 3.7 million tons of binder and +70 million tons of aggregate (over \$2.4 billion).
- Estimated +85 million tons of stockpiled RAP yearend 2015.
- 23% of RAP used fractionated, 24% of RAP mixes used softer binder, and 3% of RAP mixes used some type of rejuvenator.







2015 Survey Highlights - RAS

- RAS decreased almost 2% to an estimated 2 million tons in 2015.
- 2015 RAS still **175%** more than 2009.
- 2015 RAS usage reduced the need for 386,200 tons of binder and nearly 965,500 tons of aggregate, for a total saving of \$194 million.







2015 Survey Highlights - WMA

- **119.8 million tons** produced in 2015 using **WMA** technologies.
- This was an increase of **5%** increase over 2014, and a **614%** increase from the 2009 construction season.



- WMA technologies used in **33%** of all mixes produced in 2015.
- Plant foaming most widely used technology for WMA (+72%).
- At **+25%,** chemical additives are the second most used WMA technology.







World View on Recycling is Different

















British Columbia View of RAP is Different

NOT RAP Paving – RAP is ^ CRAP British Columbia Perspective

Presented by Vipin Sharma, P.Eng. PMP



Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure









Where We Are Going...









Separating RAP and RAS



Recycled Asphalt Pavements (RAP)

- Aged HMA Binder
- Absorbed Binder
- Processed Aggregates



Recycled Asphalt Shingles (RAS)

- Very Hard Air-Blown Binders
- Very High Melting Point
- Deleterious Materials Issues
- How to Soften RAS Binders







Fractionation vs Crusher Run





Fractionation provides gradation controls necessary for higher RAP percentages

Crusher run aggregates in HMA were outlawed by most states years ago due to lack of gradation control













Little RAP vs Mountains Of RAP









DOT's vs Municipalities

Greening the Streets of New York

Asphalt pavement is a mixture of stone, gravel, or sand and liquid asphalt. All of those things, if extracted from worn-down New York City streets, are sustainable. Thanks to the City's roadway resurfacing program, asphalt pavement used on these streets can be recycled into new asphalt and repurposed for locations throughout the five boroughs.



Right now, the NYC uses a minimum of 30% recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) to create new asphalt according to Local Law 71. DDC, together with Green Asphalt, wants to make that 100%.





RAP in America – Breaking Ranks

Batch Plant vs Older Drum vs Modern Technology







Plant type, design and technology have a significant impact of the amount of RAP that be incorporated into mixes they produce.







ASTEC DOUBLE BARREL XHR®

65% RAP @ 5% RAP Moisture

70% RAP @ 3% RAP Moisture (with caveats)





HMA/WMA vs Cold Central Plant



PUTTING 50% RAP IN YOUR MIX ISN'T ENOUGH?















Thank You!

Richard J. Schreck Technical Services and Applications Director Astec, Inc. (804) 356-1864 rschreck@astecinc.com



