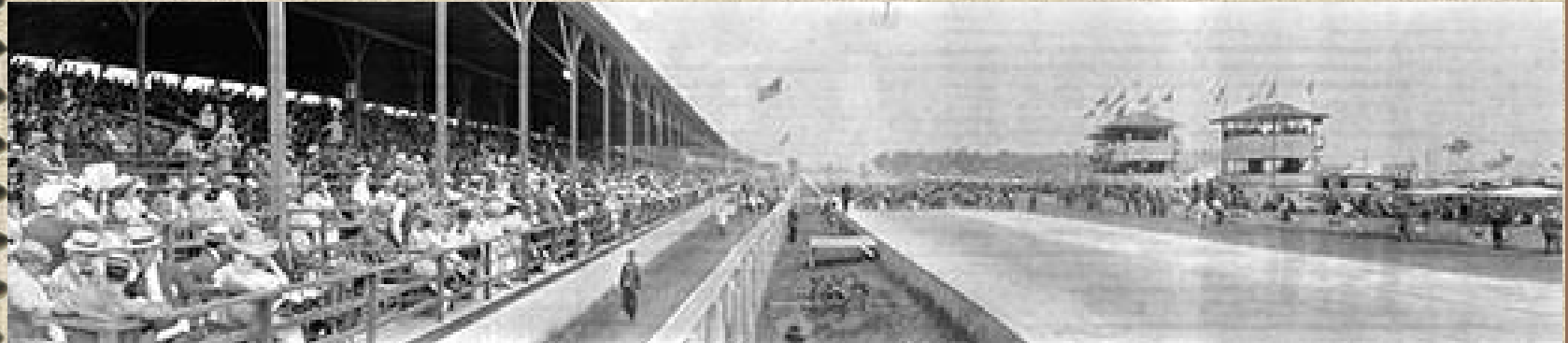


# *A History of Paving at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway*





# 1<sup>st</sup> Indy 500 – May 30, 1911





# Asphalt – The *KyRock* Years...

- 1936 – Asphalt patches applied to portions of turns
- 1937 – All turns completely paved with “Ky Rock”
- 1938 – Short chutes paved
- 1939 – Back stretch paved, but ~1900’ of front stretch still brick



# Asphalt – Early *Resurfacing*...

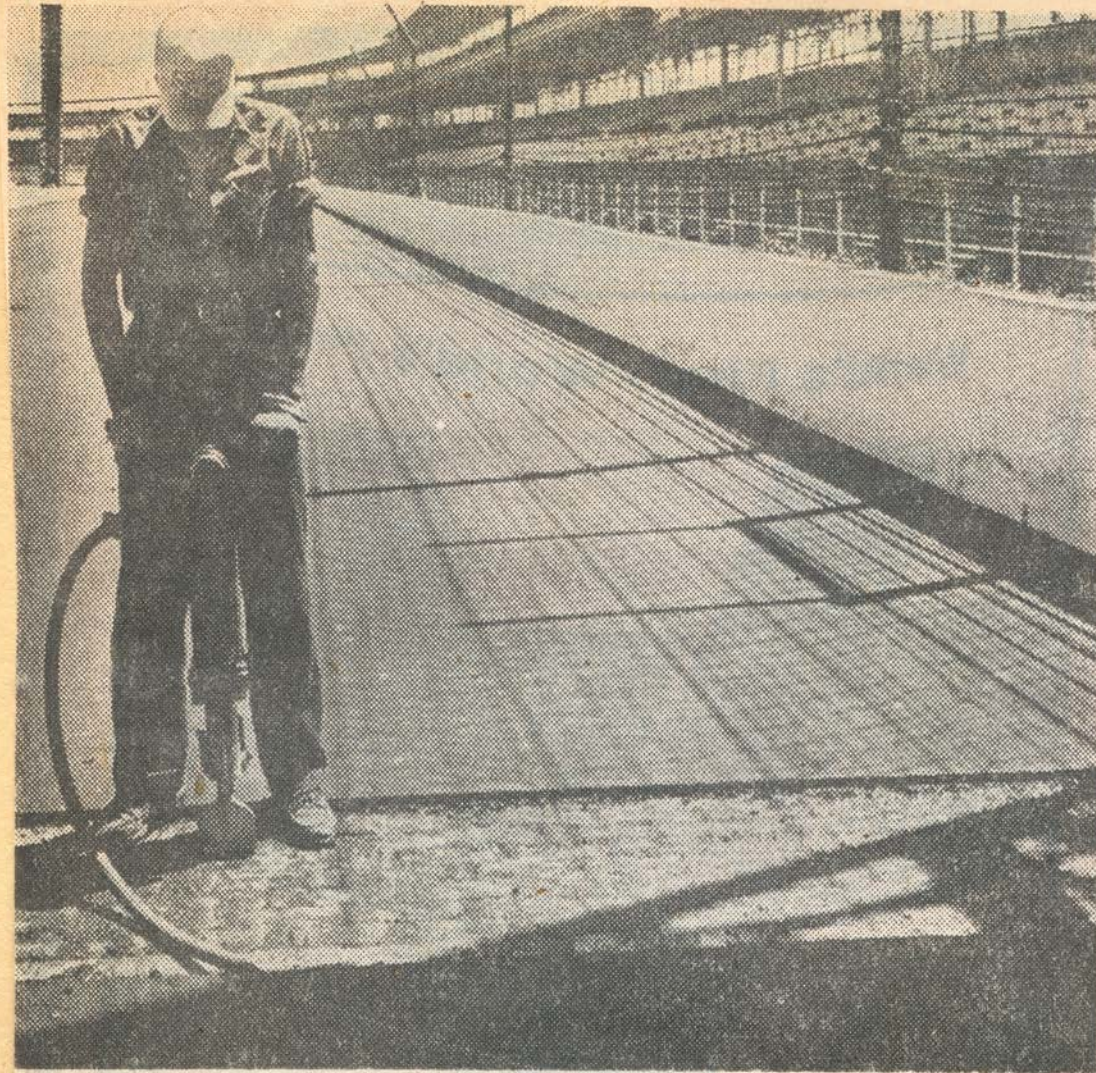
- **1955** – All existing asphalt portions resurfaced
- **1961** – Remaining bricks covered on Front stretch
- **1964** – Back stretch and Turn 3 resurfaced
- **1969** – Front stretch and Turns 1, 2 and 4 resurfaced





# 1976

- **1<sup>st</sup> Complete Resurfacing**
- \$175,000
- Cracks sealed with AE-150 & sand
- 1/2" Leveling course ~2400 tons
- 1" ACBF Slag Surface course with AP-5 (60-70 Pen) ~4400 tons



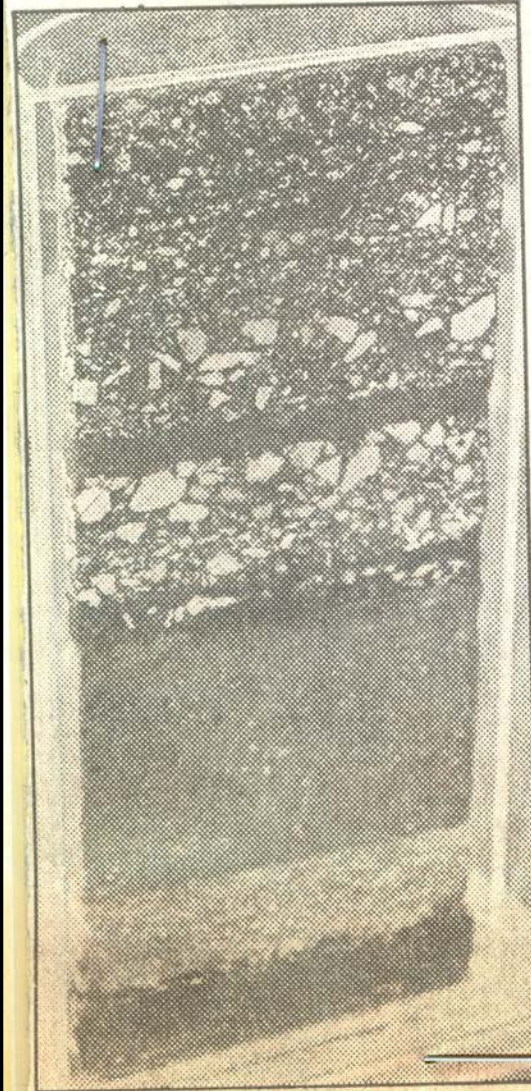
**'NEW' ROW OF BRICKS** — The original three rows of bricks at the start-finish line of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway were dug up and replaced yesterday as the final touch of a \$175,000 resurfacing project for the 2½-mile track. More than 700 bricks were dug up by John Moore of the IMS staff and about half of them had to be replaced from the dwindling supply of original bricks from 1911. (Star Photo by Greg Griffo)



# 1988

- 2<sup>nd</sup> Complete Resurfacing
- Pits also paved
- Extensive treatment of cracks on oval
- 1/2" to 3/4" Leveling course
- 1" ACBF Slag Surface course
  - 9.5% AC 20
  - 50 Blow Marshall

## *Paving: 10,500 tons of material used in '88*



**Core section of track surface**  
*Trinidad tar is first layer*

### ● Continued from A-1

Slag also is used on state highways and interstates, though it isn't common on city streets or parking lots, he said.

"The main selling feature is the skid resistance," Scheper said.

About 10,500 tons of material were used in the 1988 paving, including the paving of the pit area, he said.

That partially includes the yard of bricks.

### ***Bricks removed***

So the cars wouldn't fall into a ditch each time they passed the start-finish line, the contractors had to remove the bricks and replace them later.

"The bricks were removed, we put stone to bring it up to the elevation of the old asphalt, and paved over and marked it. Then it was saw-cut and removed and the bricks put back" by Speedway employees, Scheper said.

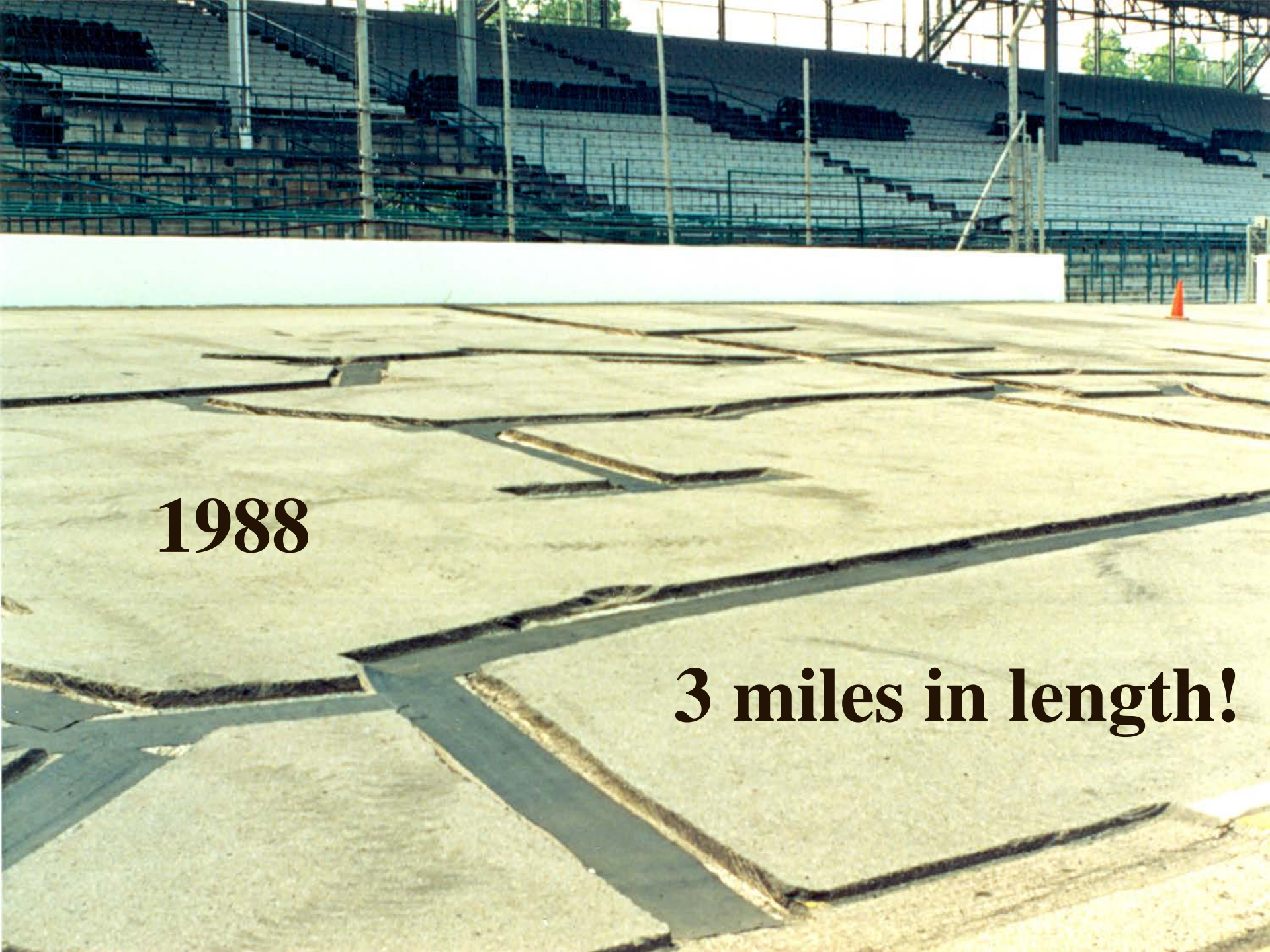
Track superintendent Thompson said, "It's smooth."





1988





**1988**

**3 miles in length!**



1988



1995

3<sup>rd</sup> Complete  
Resurfacing

1<sup>st</sup> Time  
Entire Oval  
Was Milled



*Serving Ohio, Kentucky,  
Indiana, Illinois,  
and E. Missouri*



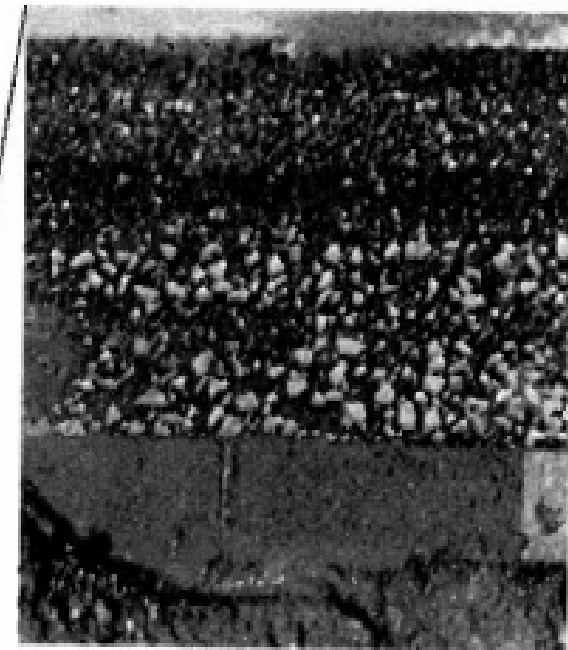
**SMOOTHING THE RIDE  
TO VICTORY LANE**



# THE PROBLEM

Various  
Asphalt  
Layers

Brick  
Sand



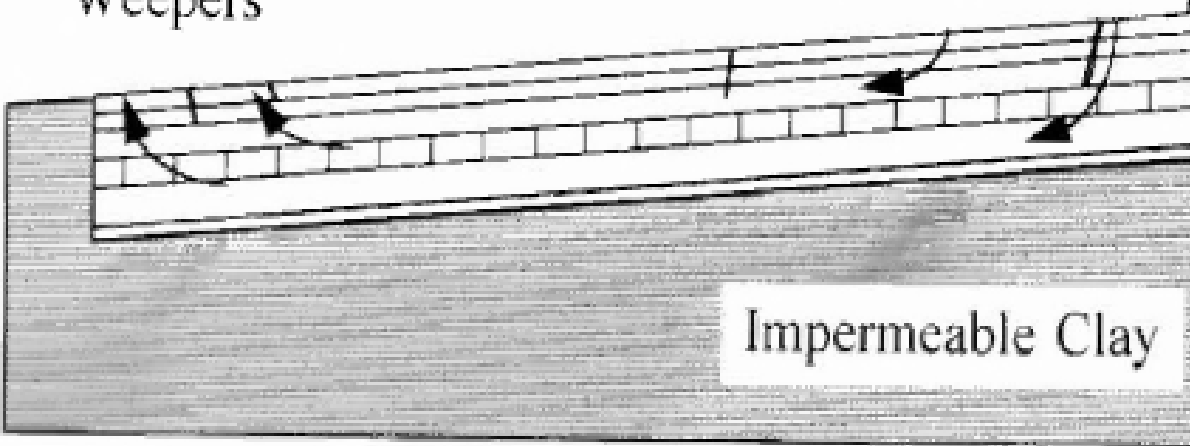
Cracks

Water

Weepers

Impermeable Clay

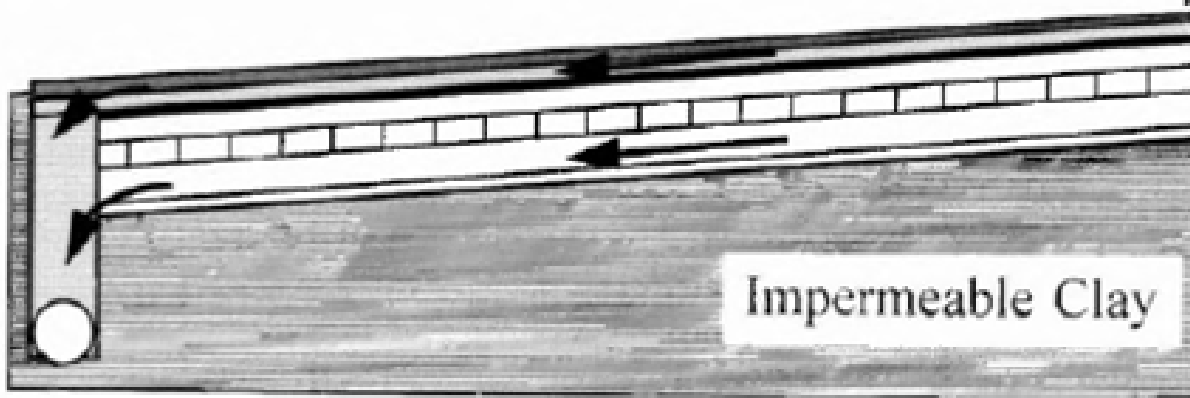
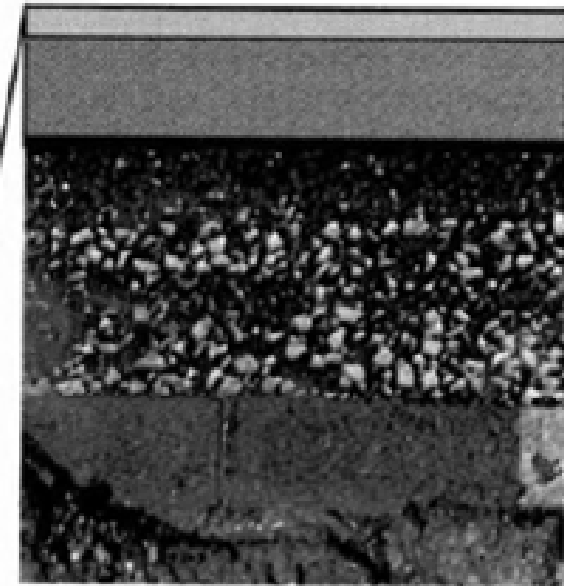
1995



New High Friction Surface  
Open Grade Drainage Mixture  
Polymer Seal

## THE SOLUTION

Remaining  
Asphalt  
Brick  
Sand



**1995**

Tile Drain



1995







**1995 – 3" Milled**



**1995 – 2'' of OGDL**





# 1995 – 1" ACBF Slag Surface with PG 64-34







1996

96 7 10





1996

'96 3 1



# 1996

At end of the race!



28 12:35



# 1996 – SMA (82-22)





**July 19<sup>th</sup>, 1997 – Race on Aug 2<sup>nd</sup>!**  
**PG 100-4 Placed at ~ 450F**





**1997**  
**Modified**  
**OGDL**



9 13 93



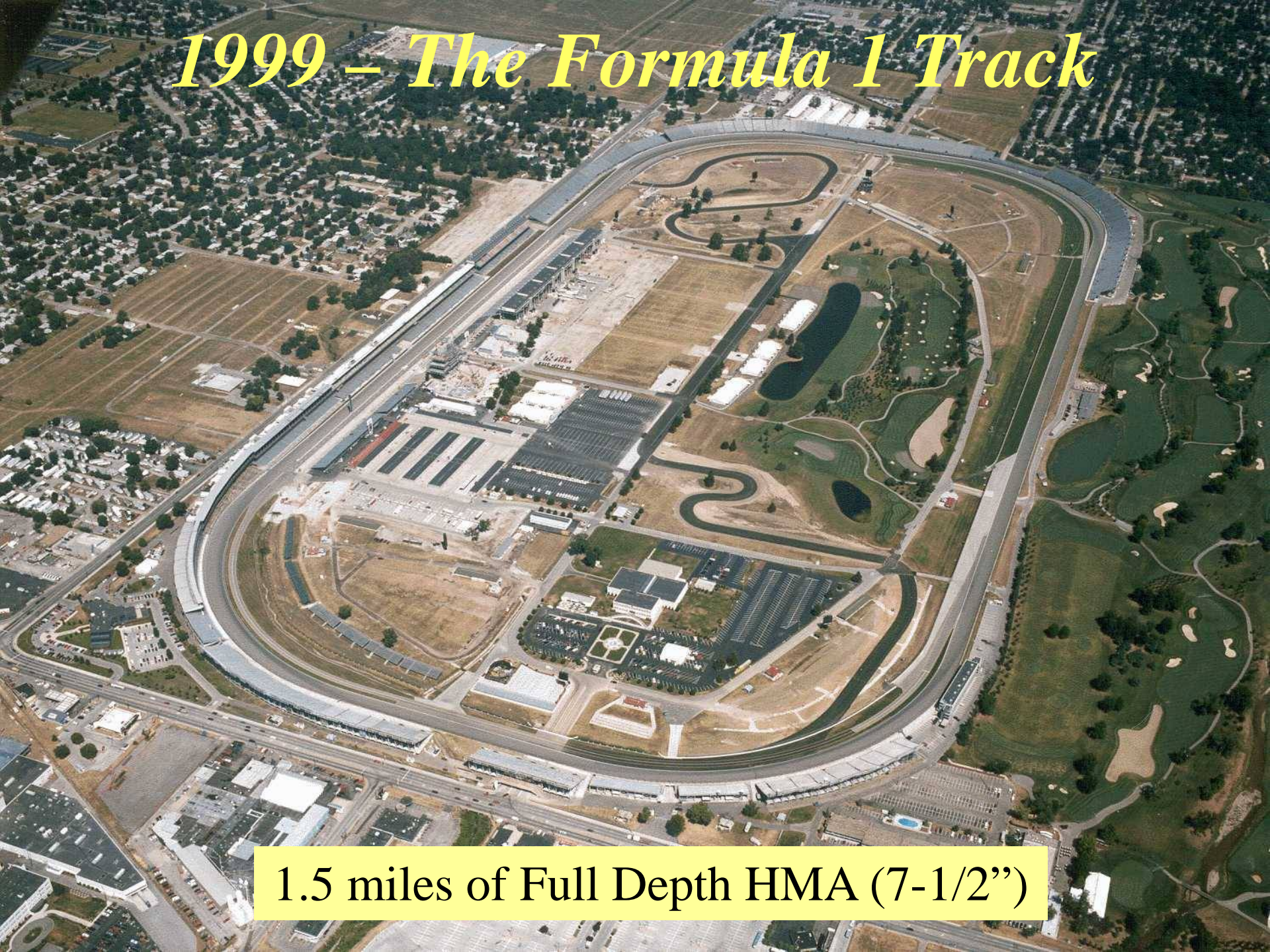


**1997**  
**PG 88-10**  
**400F**

9 15 '97



# *1999 – The Formula 1 Track*



1.5 miles of Full Depth HMA (7-1/2")



# 1999 – 3" of Base Course (PG 64-22)





# 1999 – Longitudinal Under Drains





**1999 – 3” of OGDL (PG 82-16)**





# 1999 – 1.5'' Surface (PG 88-10)



9.5mm C-G ACBF Slag



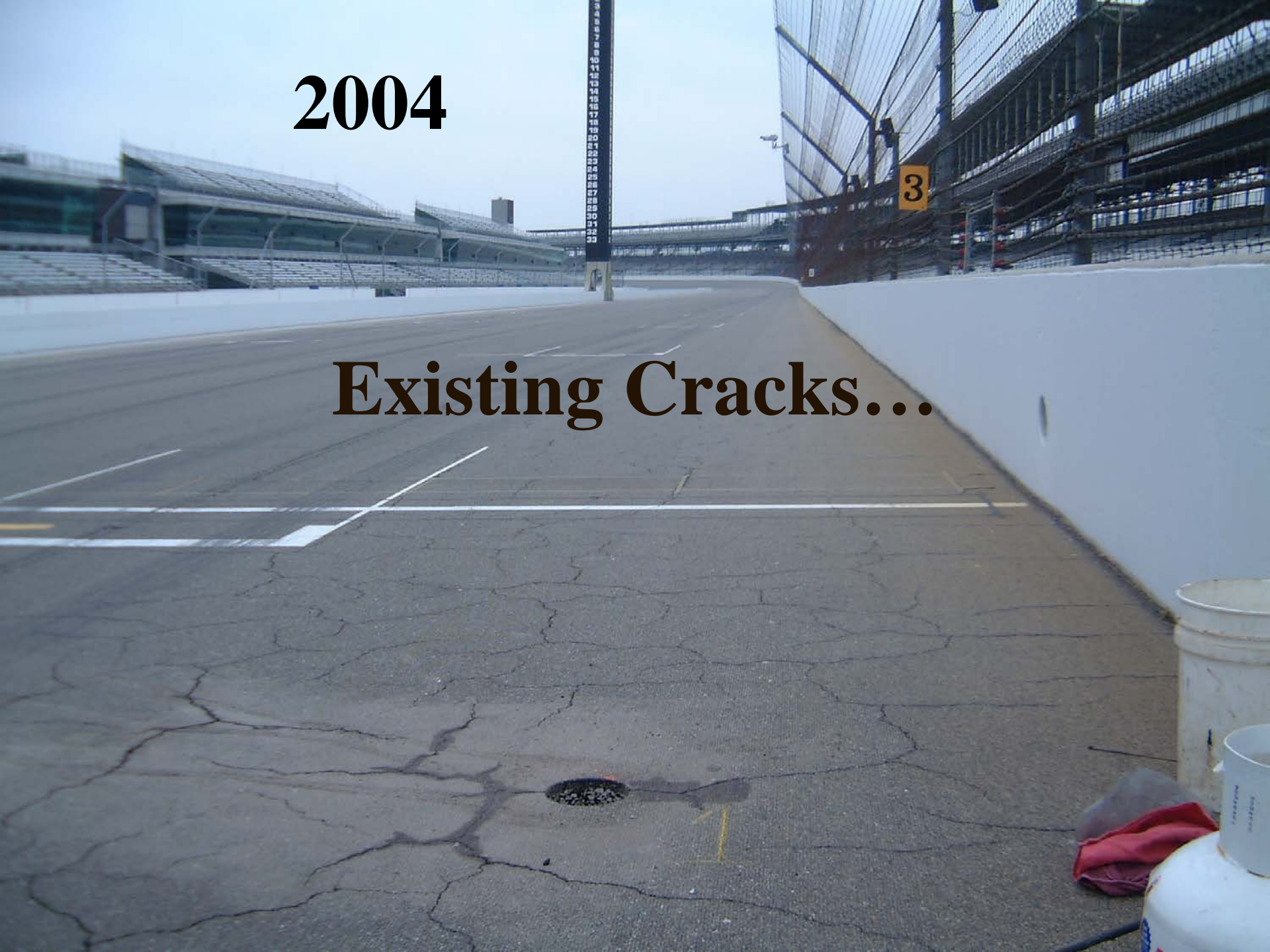
# 2004 Main Oval, Pits and Warm-up Lanes (4<sup>th</sup> Complete Resurfacing)





**2004**

**Existing Cracks...**





# Top-Down Cracking



1

2004





**2004**

**SAMI Application**



**2004**



**1<sup>st</sup> Lift – 1.5” Dolomite SMA (PG 76-28)**





**2004**

**IRL Smoothness Test  
(prior to placing surface)**



**2004**



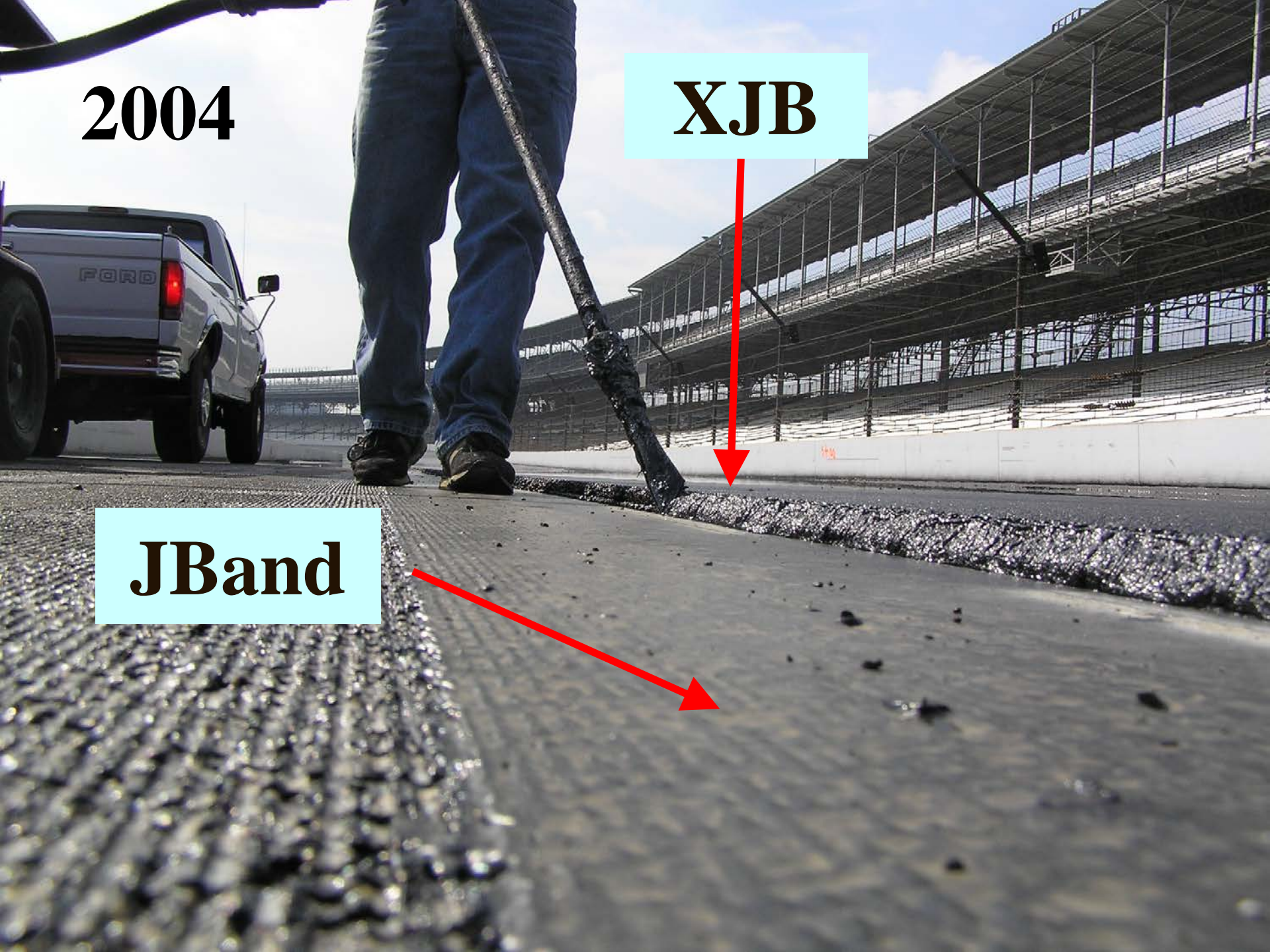
**2<sup>nd</sup> Lift – 1" Steel Slag SMA (PG 76-28)**



**2004**

**XJB**

**JBand**





# 2007 Chicane





# 2007 – New Turns on Road Course





# 2007 – 3.5" of Base Course





**2007 – 1.5” of Intermediate**



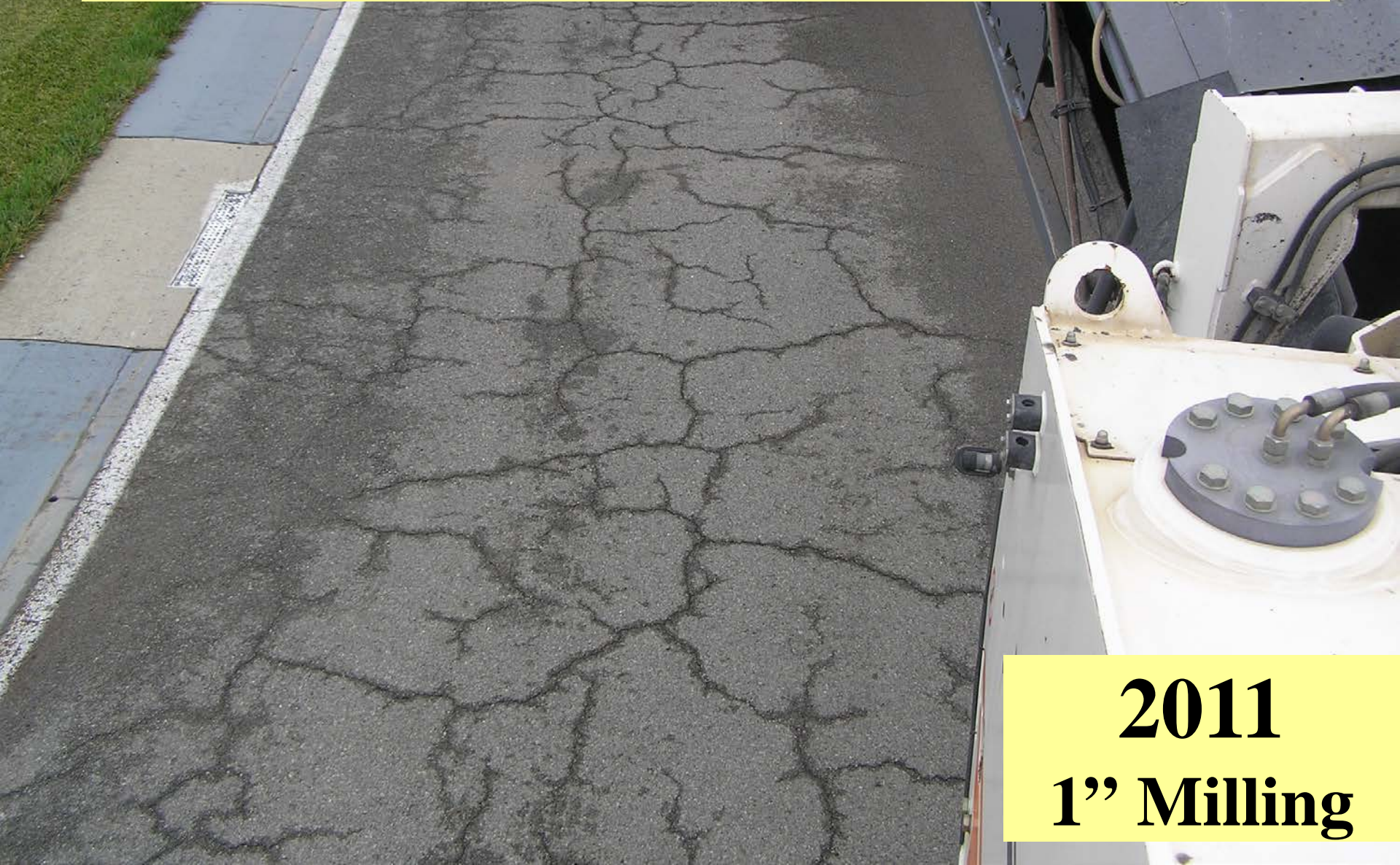


# 2007 – 1" of SS SMA





# **2011 – MotoGP Rehabilitation**



**2011**  
**1" Milling**



# 2011 – Milled Surface

**New**

**Old**





# 2011 – *Watering* Milled Surface







**2011 – *Brooming* Excess Water**



# 2011 – Polymer Modified Tack





# 2011 – 3<sup>rd</sup> and Final Day

## 9.5mm F-G Dolomite Surface (PG 82-22)





# 2011 – 1<sup>st</sup> Use of RAP in Surface







**2011**



A close-up photograph of the rear corner of a vehicle. The image shows a black plastic bumper with a textured surface, a yellow-painted metal wheel arch, and a portion of a black tire. The vehicle is parked on a dark asphalt surface. The year '2011' is printed in the bottom left corner.

**2011**



# What Have We *Learned*?

- Investigate distress issues *thoroughly*
- Mix shear strength is *very important*
- *Avoid* highly absorptive aggregates
- Strive for mix *impermeability*
- Use *highly* modified AC's & emulsions
- *Master* best practices (prod & paving)
- Have *backup* equipment
- *Pray...a lot!* ☺



# Thank You!



## June 17, 2011