

# Learning from animated video solutions: Does solving the problem matter?

Jason Morphey

Department of Educational Psychology  
University of Illinois at Urbana/Champaign

Jose Mestre

Departments of Physics and Educational Psychology  
University of Illinois at Urbana/Champaign

Gary Gladding

Department of Physics  
University of Illinois at Urbana/Champaign



\* Work supported by NSF REESE grant DRL 12-52389



**Physics Education Research**

Physics in Engineering & LAS at Illinois

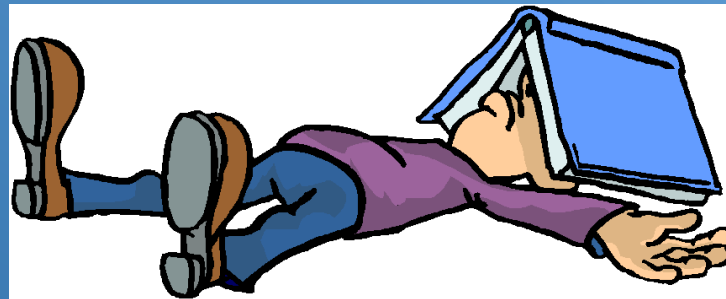
# Motivation and Background

- Goal: To help hard-working, but struggling students perform better on exams.
- Low performing students are often poor predictors of their exam preparation.
  - Often over-predict even after taking an exam (Kruger & Dunning, 1999; Rebello, 2012)



# Motivation and Background

- Goal: To help hard-working, but struggling students perform better on exams.
- Low performing students are often poor predictors of their exam preparation.
  - Often over-predict even after taking an exam  
(Kruger & Dunning, 1999; Rebello, 2012)
- This might result in insufficient and/or inefficient studying.





What is the speed of the ball when it reaches the bottom?

Big Idea or Procedure	Equations
Mechanical Energy is Conserved	$E_i = E_f$
Mechanical Energy is the Sum of Potential and Kinetic Energy	$U_i + K_i^0 = U_f + K_f$ $U_i = K_f$
Initial Kinetic Energy is zero	$MgH = K_{f,translational} + K_{f,rotation}$
Final Potential Energy is zero	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$
Initial Potential Energy is gravitational	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\left(\frac{v}{R}\right)^2$
The Final Kinetic Energy is both translational and rotational	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{5}MR^2\right)\frac{V^2}{R^2}$
Ball doesn't slip, so $v$ and $\omega$ are related	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{5}MV^2$
$v = \omega R$	$gH = \frac{1}{2}V^2 + \frac{1}{5}V^2 \rightarrow 10gH = 5V^2 + 2V^2$
The moment of inertia of the ball is	$10gH = 7V^2$

- Video solutions help low performing students improve their performance and become more metacognitively calibrated after solving similar problems.

(Mestre, Morphew, & Gladding, 2015; 2016)

- Individuals often use fluency and familiarity with the material when making judgements of learning (JOLs).

(Carpenter, et al., 2013; Feitcher, Benjamin, & Unsworth, 2016; Zaromb, Karpicke, & Roediger, 2010)

- The effect of viewing a solution video explaining a previously solved problem on metacognitive JOLs is unclear.






# Research Questions

- 1) Does solving a problem before viewing a solution video affect how much students learn from the video solution?**
- 2) Does solving a problem before viewing a solution video affect students' metacognition after viewing video solutions?**



# Participants and Study Design

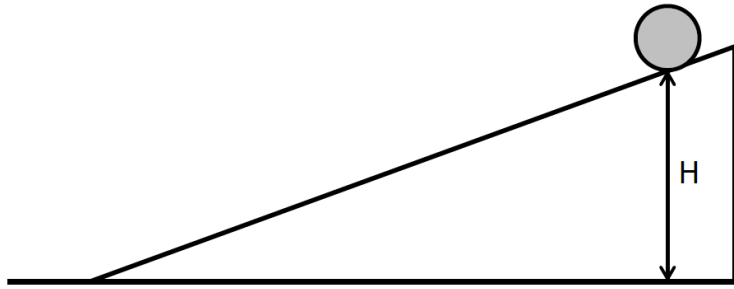
- Students who scored in the bottom third on the first and second midterm examination were invited to participate in the study.
- 60 students completed both sessions.
  - Only students who completed both sessions are included in the analyses.

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
						 Session 1
 Session 1	 Session 2	 Session 2	 Exam 3			

# Intervention Design

# Pre Test (10 questions)

5) A solid ball of mass  $M = 0.38 \text{ kg}$  and radius  $R = 0.22 \text{ m}$  is released from rest at height  $H = 1.3 \text{ m}$  on a rough inclined plane. What is the speed of the ball when it reaches the bottom?



Circle the number that represents how confident you are that your answer is correct  
 0%                      25%                      50%                      75%                      100%

# Video Solutions

What is the speed of the ball when it reaches the bottom?

Big Idea or Procedure	Equations
Mechanical Energy is Conserved	$E_i = E_f$
Mechanical Energy is the Sum of Potential and Kinetic Energy	$U_i + K_i^0 = U_f^0 + K_f$ $U_i = K_f$
Initial Kinetic Energy is zero	$MgH = K_{f,translation} + K_{f,rotation}$
Final Potential Energy is zero	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$
Initial Potential Energy is gravitational	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\left(\frac{v}{R}\right)^2$
The Final Kinetic Energy is both translational and rotational	$MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{5}MR^2\right)\frac{V^2}{R^2}$ $MgH = \frac{1}{2}MV^2 + \frac{1}{5}MV^2$
Ball doesn't slip, so $v$ and $\omega$ are related	$gH = \frac{1}{2}V^2 + \frac{1}{5}V^2 \rightarrow 10gH = 5V^2 + 2V^2$ $10gH = 7V^2$
$v = \omega R$	$\omega = \frac{v}{R}$
The moment of inertia of the ball is	

If you were given 5 similar problems to solve, how many would you get correct?

# Post Test (18 questions)

5) A solid ball of mass  $M=0.18 \text{ kg}$  and radius  $R=0.06 \text{ m}$  rolls without slipping along a horizontal floor with speed  $v=1.4 \text{ m/s}$  and then encounters a rough incline. At what height above the floor,  $H$ , does the ball come to rest on the incline?



Circle the number that represents how confident you are that your answer is correct  
 0%                      25%                      50%                      75%                      100%

6) If instead of a ball we had a disk with the same radius, mass, and speed moving toward the incline, how would the new height it reaches,  $H_{\text{new}}$ , compare to the height of the previous problem,  $H$ ?

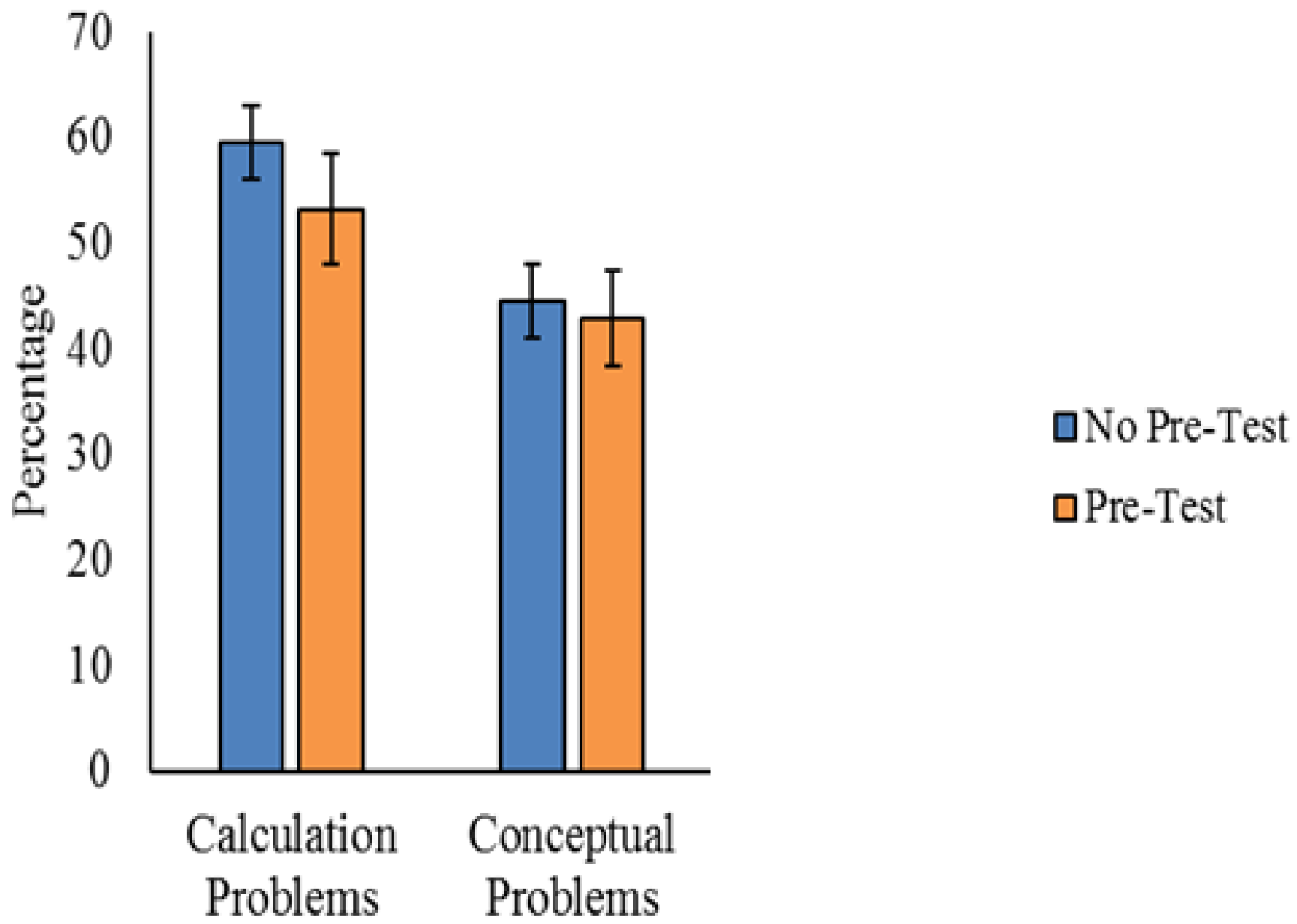
- a)  $H_{\text{new}} = H$
- b)  $H_{\text{new}} > H$
- c)  $H_{\text{new}} < H$

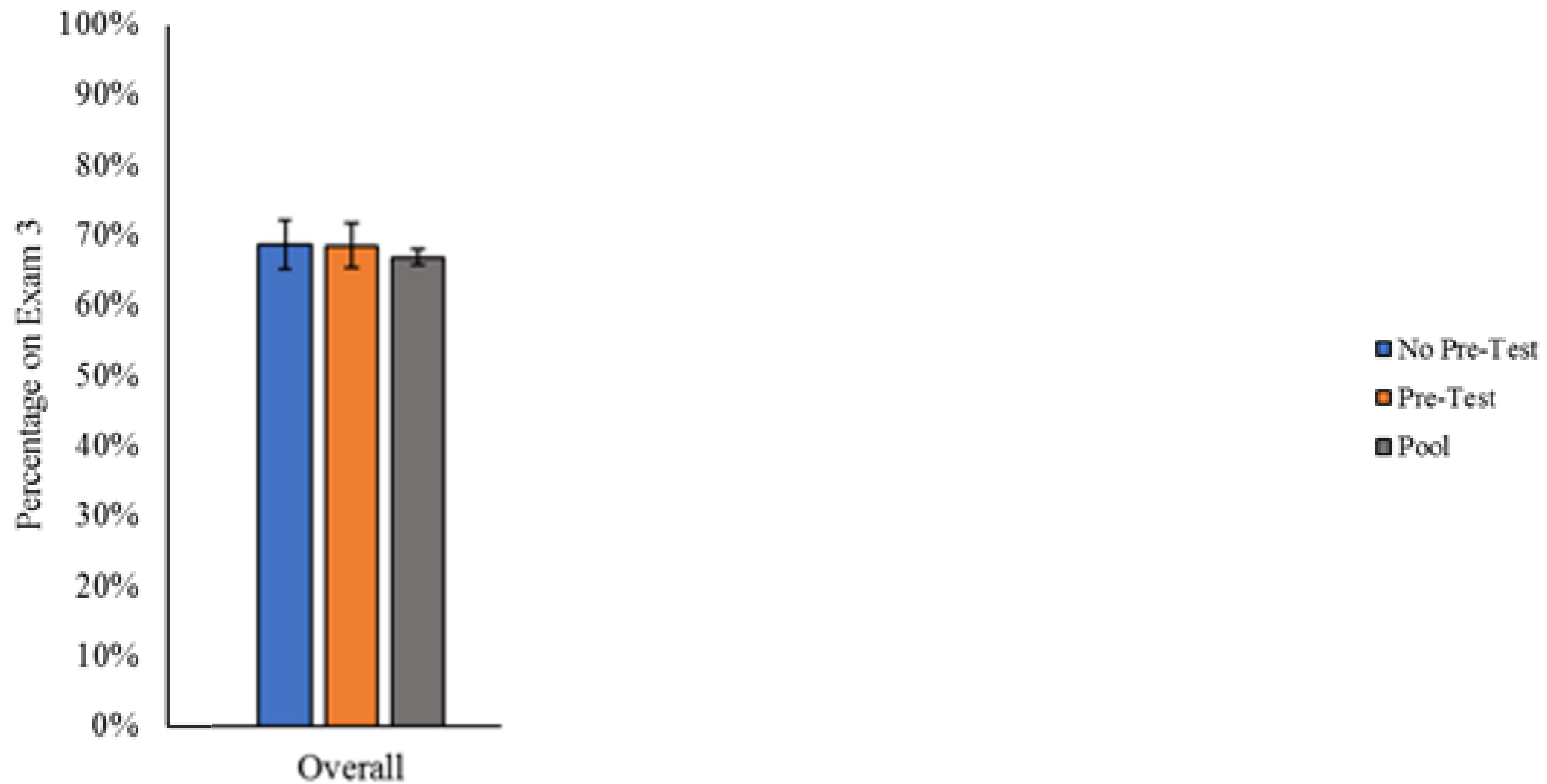
Explain your reasoning:

Circle the number that represents how confident you are that your answer is correct  
 0%                      25%                      50%                      75%                      100%

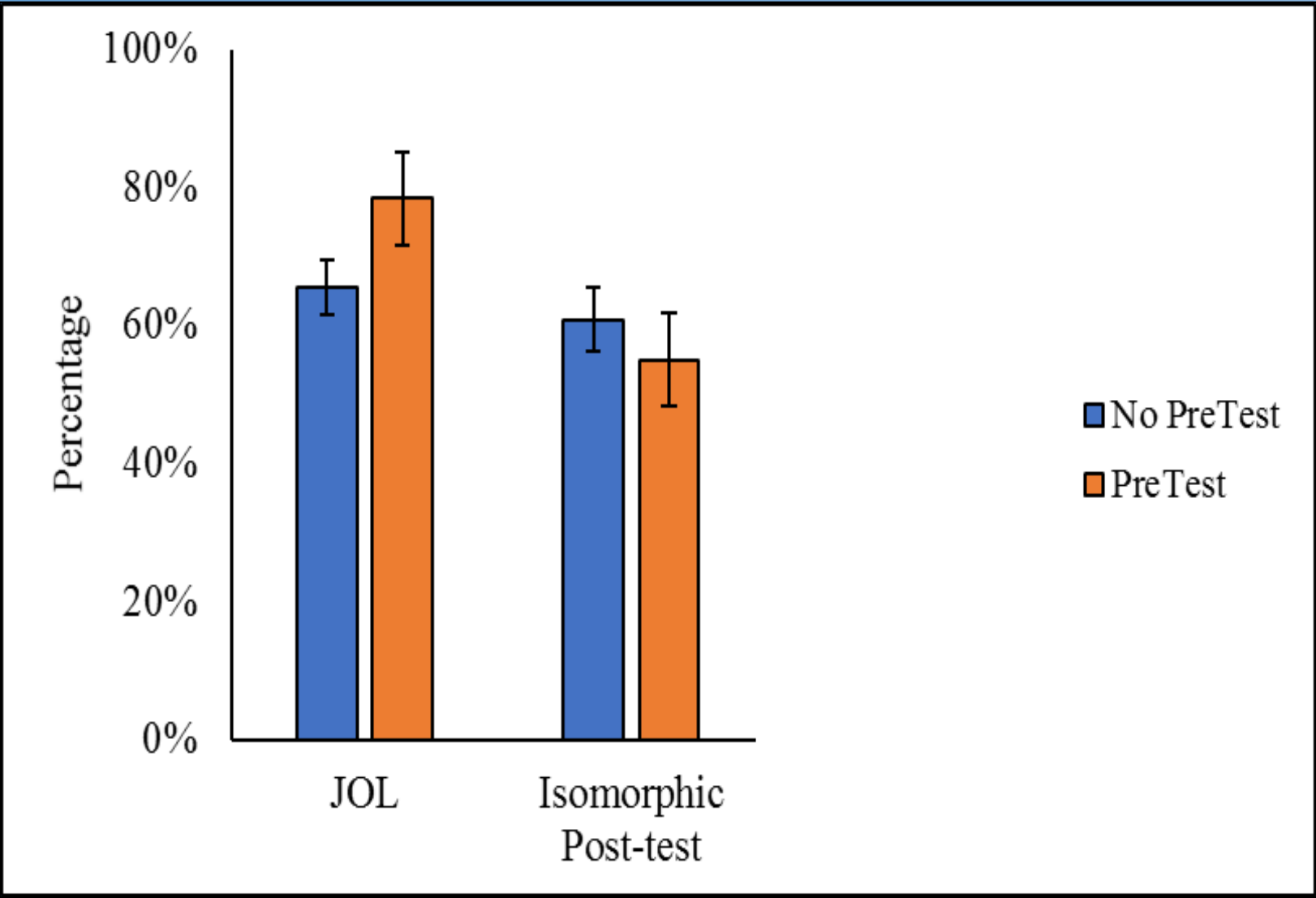


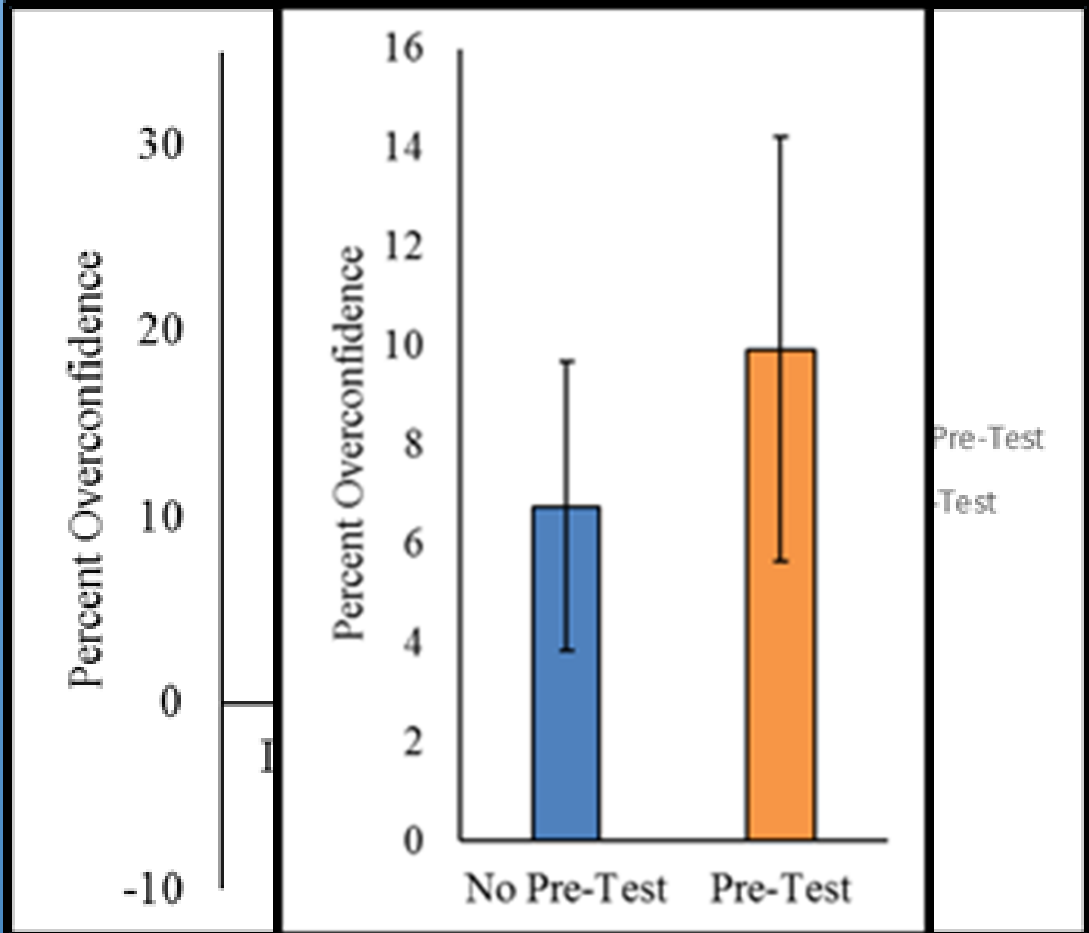
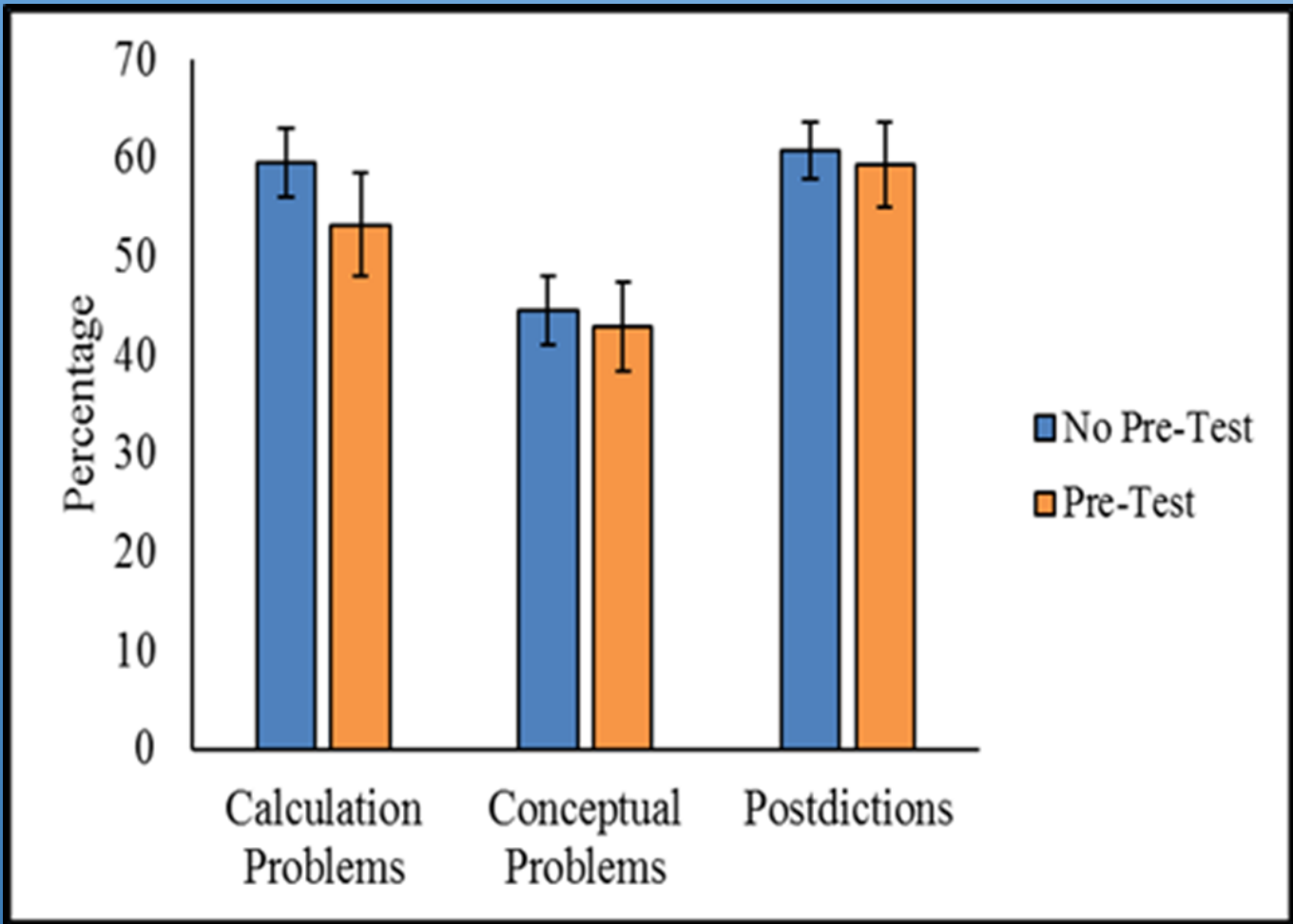
Does completing the question before viewing the solution lead to greater learning?





Does completing the question before viewing the solution affect metacognitive accuracy?







# Conclusions/Take-Away Messages

**1) Does completing a pre-test affect how much students learn from the video solution?**

**Answer: Not in this case. However there are many potential reasons.**

**Replicate with more simple/isomorphic problems.**

**2) Does completing a pre-test affect students' metacognition after viewing video solutions?**

**Answer: Yes and No. Increase in overconfidence.**

**Reduced when solve a new problem.**

**How does this affect study choices?**

# Questions?

For more information visit our PERC Poster

Or visit our website: [go.illinois.edu/MorphewPER](http://go.illinois.edu/MorphewPER)

Contact Information: [jmorphe2@illinois.edu](mailto:jmorphe2@illinois.edu)  
[mestre@illinois.edu](mailto:mestre@illinois.edu)



**Physics Education Research**

Physics in Engineering & LAS at Illinois

